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| WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY CODE UNIFORMITY PROGRAM | | | |
|  | CITY OF PERRIS DEVELOPMENT SERVICES BUILDING & SAFETY | | |
| | RESIDENTIAL ELECTRIC VEHICLE (EV) CHARGER GUIDELINES | | |
| PHONE NUMBER 951-943-5003 INSPECTION REQUEST No.956-2117 | | 135 N D STREET | |
| FAX 951-943 8379 | 1/1/17 | VEHICLE CHARGER STANDARD | PAGE 1 OF 5 |

The purpose of this guideline is to assist permit applicants in streamlining the permitting, installation and inspection process for Residential EV Chargers.
PLEASE REFER TO THE 2016 CALIFORNIA ELECTRIC CODE (CEC) ARTICLE 625
For more specific regulations and requirements. This is a guideline only

Be aware that there are different types of Electric Vehicle (EV) Chargers. There are 2 basic types of EV chargers for home use (Level 1 and Level 2). Level 1 Chargers are smaller units that plug directly into a standard 120 volt receptacle outlet. These types of chargers typically require a longer period of time to recharge the vehicle. As long as the receptacle outlet being used to plug-in the Level 1 Charger is existing, there is no requirement to secure a permit from the Building and Safety Division. On the other hand, if you will be installing a new 120 volt receptacle outlet for the charger, you will need to obtain a permit – but you will not need to provide any plans or electrical load calculations as would be required for the more powerful Level 2 type charging systems.

A Level 2 EV Charging system requires 240 volt and charges the vehicle much faster than a Level 1 Charger. Level 2 Chargers installations require permits. In order to obtain the permit you will need to provide some basic information to show that your existing electrical service can handle the added load.

What information do I need to provide in order to obtain the permit? This Residential EV Charger Permit Guideline has been developed to streamline the permit, installation and inspection process. In most cases, you or your contractor merely need to fill-in the blanks on this document, attach the manufacturer’s installation instructions and charger specifications and submit it to the Building and Safety Division for an over-the-counter review and permit issuance. If all of the information is provided and the proposal complies with the applicable codes, the review and approval process will only take a few minutes. Once the permit is issued, the installation may begin. When the installation is complete an inspection of the work will be scheduled with the Building Inspector upon request. Inspections are typically performed on the work day following your request for inspection. Keep in mind that someone will need to be present during the inspection so that the Building Inspector can access the location of the EV Charger (typically in the garage).

Installing a Level 2 EV Charging system often requires changes to building wiring and utility electric services. Before installing charging equipment and associated infrastructure, talk to your EV manufacturer for information about what you need to charge your vehicle.

When installing your EV charger, be sure to use a licensed Electrical contractor whose state contractor’s license and insurance are current. The contractor should follow the installation instructions of the EV charger manufacturer and the requirements of California Electrical Code.

Why is the Electric Utility concerned about your EV charger installation? Though an individual Level 2 EV charger may have a negligible impact on the utility electric system, the combined effect of several chargers in the same neighborhood could result in overloads on utility secondary wires and transformers. It is

crucial that the Electrical Utility provider be notified of any Level 2 Charging station installations to ensure that utility electrical system components are adequately sized to maintain high levels of service reliability.

LEVEL 2 ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGER - SERVICE LOAD CALCULATION

INSTRUCTIONS: Review the list of electrical loads in the table below and check (✓) all that exist in the home (don't forget to include the proposed Level 2 EV Charger). For each item checked (✓), fill-in the corresponding "Watts used" (refer to the "Typical Usage" column for wattage information). Add up all of the numbers that are written in the "Watts Used" column. Write that number in the "Total Watts Used" box at the bottom of the table and proceed to the next page.

(Loads shown are rough estimates; actual loads may vary – for a more precise analysis, use the nameplate ratings for appliances and other loads and consult with a trained electrical professional.)

| ✓Check All Applicable Loads | Description of Load | Typical usage | Watts used |
|--|--|-----------------|------------|
| GENERAL LIGHTING AND RECEPTACLE OUTLET CIRCUITS | | | |
| ✓ | Multiply the Square Footage of House X 3 | 3 watts/sq. ft. | |
| KITCHEN CIRCUITS | | | |
| ✓ | Kitchen Circuits | 3,000 watts | 3,000 |
| | Electric oven | 2,000 watts | |
| | Electric stove top | 5,000 watts | |
| | Microwave | 1,500 watts | |
| | Garbage Disposal under kitchen sink | 1,000 watts | |
| | Automatic Dish washer | 3,500 watts | |
| | Garbage Compactor | 1,000 watts | |
| | Instantaneous hot water at sink | 1,500 watts | |
| LAUNDRY CIRCUIT | | | |
| ✓ | Laundry Circuit | 1,500 watts | 1,500 |
| | Electric Clothes Dryer | 4,500 watts | |
| HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING CIRCUITS | | | |
| | Central Heating (gas) and Air Conditioning | 6,000 watts | |
| | Window mounted AC | 1,000 watts | |
| | Whole-house or attic fan | 500 watts | |
| | Central Electric Furnace | 8,000 watts | |
| | Evaporative Cooler | 500 watts | |
| OTHER ELECTRICAL LOADS | | | |
| | Electric Water Heater (Storage type) | 4,000 watts | |
| | Electric Tankless Water Heater | 15,000 watts | |
| | Swimming Pool or Spa | 3,500 watts | |
| | Other: <i>(describe)</i> | watts | |
| | Other: | watts | |
| | Other: | watts | |
| ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGER CIRCUIT | | | |
| | Level 2 Electric Vehicle Charger wattage rating* | | |
| (Add-up all of the watts for the loads you have checked ✓) TOTAL WATTS USED → | | | |

*Use name plate rating in watts or calculate as: (Ampere rating of circuit X 240 volts = Watts)

INSTRUCTIONS: Using the **Total Watts Used** number from the previous page, check (✓) the appropriate line in column 1 and follow that line across to determine the minimum required size of the electrical service panel shown in column 3. In column 4, write-in the size of your existing service panel (main breaker size). If your Existing service panel (column 4) is smaller than the minimum required size of the existing service (column 3), then you will need to install a new upgraded electrical service panel to handle the added electrical load from the proposed Level 2 EV Charger.

Table based on CEC 220.83(A), 230.42, and Annex D.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| ✓ Check the appropriate line | Total Watts Used (from previous page) | Minimum <u>Required</u> Size of Existing 240 Volt Electrical Service Panel (<i>Main Service Breaker Size</i>) | Identify the Size of Your <u>Existing</u> Main Service Breaker (<i>Amps</i>)** |
| | up to 48,000 | 100 amps | |
| | 48,001 to 63,000 | 125 amps | |
| | 63,001 to 78,000 | 150 amps | |
| | 78,001 to 108,000 | 200 amps | |
| | 108,001 to 123,000 | 225 amps | |

Please note that the size of your **Existing service (column 4) MUST be equal to or larger than the Minimum **Required** Size (column 3) or a new larger electrical service panel will need to be installed in order to satisfy the electrical load demand of the EV charger.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

By my signature, I attest that the information provided is true and accurate.

Job Address: _____
(Print job address)

Signature: _____
(Signature of applicant) (Date)

In addition to this document, you will also need to provide a copy of the manufacturer’s installation literature and specifications for the Level 2 Charger you are installing.

Please note that this is a voluntary compliance alternative and you may wish to hire a qualified individual or company to perform a thorough evaluation of your electrical service capacity in lieu of this alternative methodology. Use of this electrical load calculation estimate methodology and forms is at the user’s risk and carries no implied guarantee of accuracy. Users of this methodology and these forms are advised to seek professional assistance in determining the electrical capacity of a service panel.

OTHER HELPFUL INFORMATION FOR EV CHARGER INSTALLATIONS:

The Table below illustrates the type and size of wire and conduit to be used for various Electric Vehicle Charger circuits.

| Size of EV Charger Circuit Breaker | Required minimum size of Conductors (THHN wire) | Conduit Type and Size*** | | |
|------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| | | Electrical Metallic Tubing (EMT) | Rigid Nonmetallic Conduit – Schedule 40 (RNC) | Flexible Metal Conduit (FMC) |
| 20 amp | #12 | 1/2" | 1/2" | 1/2" |
| 30 amp | #12 | 1/2" | 1/2" | 1/2" |
| 40 amp | #10 | 1/2" | 1/2" | 1/2" |
| 50 amp | #8 | 3/4" | 3/4" | 3/4" |
| 60 amp | #6 | 3/4" | 3/4" | 3/4" |
| 70 amp | #6 | 3/4" | 3/4" | 3/4" |

*****Based on 4 wires in the conduit (2-current carrying conductors, 1-grounded conductor, 1-equipment ground).**

As an alternate, Nonmetallic Sheathed Cable (aka: Romex Cable or NMC) may be used if it is protected from physical damage by placing the cable inside a wall cavity or attic space which is separated from the occupied space by drywall or plywood.

The Table below illustrates the required supports for various types of electrical conduit or cable.

| Conduit Support | Electrical Metallic Tubing (EMT) | Rigid Nonmetallic Conduit – Schedule 40 (RNC) | Flexible Metal Conduit (FMC) | Nonmetallic Sheathed Cable (NMC) |
|--|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Conduit Support Intervals | 10' | 3' | 4-1/2' | 4-1/2' |
| Maximum distance from box to conduit support | 3' | 3' | 1' | 1' |

In addition to the above noted requirements, the 2016 California Electrical Code contains many other provisions that may be applicable to the installation of a new electrical circuit. Installers are cautioned to be aware of all applicable requirements before beginning the installation. For additional information or guidance, consult with the Building and Safety Division staff or a qualified and experienced Electrical Contractor.

GENERAL INSTALLATION GUIDELINES FOR LEVEL 2 RESIDENTIAL EV CHARGERS

1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS - All Electrical Vehicle Charging Systems shall comply with the applicable sections of the 2016 California Electrical Code, including Article 625.
2. EQUIPMENT LOCATION - The coupling means of the electric vehicle supply equipment shall be stored at a height of 18 – 48 inches above the finished floor. (CEC Art 625.50)
3. LISTED EQUIPMENT - All electric vehicle supply equipment shall be listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory.
4. FASTENED IN PLACE – Where the electric vehicle supply equipment or charging system is fastened in place, the usable length of the output cable shall be measured from the cable exit of the electric vehicle supply equipment or charging system to the face of the electric vehicle connector. (CEC Art. 625.17. C.2).
5. PROTECTION FROM PHYSICAL DAMAGE - Electrical Vehicle Supply Equipment shall be protected against vehicle impact damage when located in the path of a vehicle. In order to avoid the installation of a substantial pipe bollard as an equipment guard, locate the Electrical Vehicle Supply Equipment on a garage side wall, out of vehicular path. (CEC Art. 110.27(B))
6. IF MORE THAN 60 AMPS- When equipment is rated at more than 60 amps or more than 150 volts to ground, the disconnect means shall be provided and installed in a readily accessible location and shall be capable of being locked on the open position. (CEC Art. 625.42 & article 110.25)

SAMPLE ELECTRICAL PLAN FOR LEVEL 2 ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGER CIRCUIT INSTALLATION

