

Rider Distribution Center II
Design Review/Case No: 19-00004
City of Perris, Riverside County, California

Preliminary Drainage Study

Prepared for:

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SECTION 1 - SUMMARY

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to document the hydrologic and hydraulic analyses performed in support of the Rider Distribution Center II project located in the City of Perris, County of Riverside, California. The project site is located on the corner of Rider Street to the South and Redlands Avenue to the West. The Perris Valley Storm Drain is located directly to the East of the project site. The project proposes to build an industrial warehouse on approximately 37 acres. This report will summarize the hydrology and hydraulic analyses that were completed to determine the necessary drainage improvements required for the project to safely convey runoff through the site.

The scope of this report will include the following:

- Determine the peak 100-year and 10-year flow rates for the developed condition using the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (RCFC&WCD) Rational Method.
- Determine the required storm drain facilities, alignment, and sizes required to flood protect the project site.
- Determine the necessary basin area and volume required for water quality treatment.
- Preparation of a preliminary report summarizing the hydrology and hydraulic results.

DESCRIPTION OF WATERSHED

As previously described, the project is proposing to construct an industrial warehouse on approximately 37 acres. Existing elevations across the site vary from 1445 at the northwest corner to 1434 at the southeast corner (NAVD88 datum). The site is relatively flat and currently slopes at approximately 0.2%. The existing drainage pattern for the site is characterized by sheet flows that follow the approximate slope to the southeast corner of the project site. The sheet flow discharges southeasterly towards Rider Street where a portion of it pools at the southeast corner and some continues to flow along Rider Street and into a catch basin at the center of the bridge.

The project is located within the Perris Valley Commerce Center Specific Plan (PVCCSP), and it is associated within the Perris Valley Master Drainage Plan (MDP). The backbone drainage facility for this area is the existing storm drain Line-A-B (RCFC&WCD MS 94, No. 4-0-00537). The design of the Line-A-B storm drain system accounts for the fully developed condition of the tributary watershed it serves. As-built plans and excerpts from the approved drainage report have been provided in Appendix C.

PROPOSED CONDITIONS

The project site will be encompassed by existing streets on the west and south side of the property and prevent any runoff from the streets to impact it. On the east side of the property, where the Perris Valley Storm Drain (PVSD) is located, there is an access road that serves as a ridge line/ berm; it prevents any normal runoff in the PVSD from encroaching on the project site. However, there is a natural ridgeline within the Metropolitan Water District (MWD) right-of-way to the north side of the project boundary that splits half of its discharge to the north and the other half to the south. The site is projected to receive approximately 5.8 cfs of off-site sheet flows. The project proposes to use wall openings to convey the offsite runoff onsite. Off-site flows are proposed to be conveyed using the on-site storm drain system.

On-site flows generated by the proposed project will be collected and conveyed using a combination of surface flows, curb and gutter, ribbon gutter, and storm drain lines to the proposed on-site bio-retention basin. The site essentially breaks down into 8 subareas. Area-1 and Area-2 (approximately 16.9 acres) surface flows into 2 low points and share the same storm drain system, Line-A. Area-OS-1 and Area-OS-2 (approximately 2.7 acres) sheet flow towards the proposed screen wall. The screen wall provides wall openings to allow offsite flows to be treated onsite for water quality. Area-3 and Area-4 (approximately

16.6 acres) also surface flows the runoff into 2 low points on the south side of the project site and conveys the runoff westerly using a storm drain system, Line-B. Line-A and Line-B drain the storm water into WQ Basin A, a bio-retention basin. Area-5 sheet flows to a curb cut and spills into WQ Basin A. WQ Basin A will utilize a 2.5 foot section of media (1.5' of amended soil media and 1' of gravel) to filter the runoff for water quality treatment. Low flows infiltrate down through the 2.5 foot section of designed media and into the perforated underdrain pipes within the gravel layer, which directly discharge into the proposed Outlet Structure A. The top of grate will be 0.5 feet above the basin bottom in order to retain and treat the required water quality volume as determined in the Preliminary Water Quality Management Plan (PWQMP). The storm water runoff will pond to the water quality height of 1435.0 before it's discharged into the proposed Outlet Structure A. Outlet Structure A will discharge into an existing line, Lateral A-B-2. Lateral A-B-2 conveys storm water into the Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel.

METHODOLOGY

HYDROLOGY

Hydrologic calculations were performed in accordance with the RCFC&WCD Hydrology Manual, dated April 1978. The Rational Method was utilized in determining peak flow rates.

The hydrological parameters, including rainfall values and soil types were derived from the RCFC&WCD Hydrology Manual. The isohyetal maps and soil map have been included in Section 2. The land use was assumed to be commercial for the developed as recommended in the hydrology manual.

Rational Method calculations were performed using a computer program developed by CivilDesign Corporation and Joseph E. Bonadiman and Associates Inc. The computer program is commonly referred to as CivilD which incorporates the hydrological parameters outlined in the RCFC&WCD Hydrology Manual.

The Rational Method was used to determine the peak flow rates used to size and design the subsurface storm drain systems to convey on-site flows to the proposed basin. The flow rates were computed by generating a hydrologic "link-node" model in which the overall area is divided into separate drainage sub-areas, each tributary to a concentration point (node) determined by the proposed layout and grading.

HYDRAULICS

Based on the results from the Rational Method Hydrology, a steady state hydraulic analysis of the storm drain system was performed to size/ analyze on-site subsurface storm drain systems. The facilities were analyzed under the established 100-year flow rates. The computer program, Water Surface and Pressure Gradient (WSPG) from CivilDesign, Corp. Version 14.06 (originally Los Angeles County Flood Control District Program F0515P) was used to analyze the system. For additional information and results, see Appendix A.

Normal depth calculations and inlet calculations were performed using the Hydraulic Toolbox 4.1 Software developed by Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) in cooperation with Aquaveo. For results, see Appendix B.

Water quality basin calculations were performed using spreadsheets that were created by RCFC&WCD. Preliminary calculations and additional details can be found in the Preliminary WQMP (P-WQMP). In addition, copies of the P-WQMP calculations have been included in Appendix B.

FIG. 1 VICINITY MAP

FIG. 2 USGS TOPOGRAPHY MAP

FIG. 3 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH

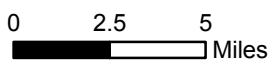
FIG. 4 RECEIVING WATERBODIES

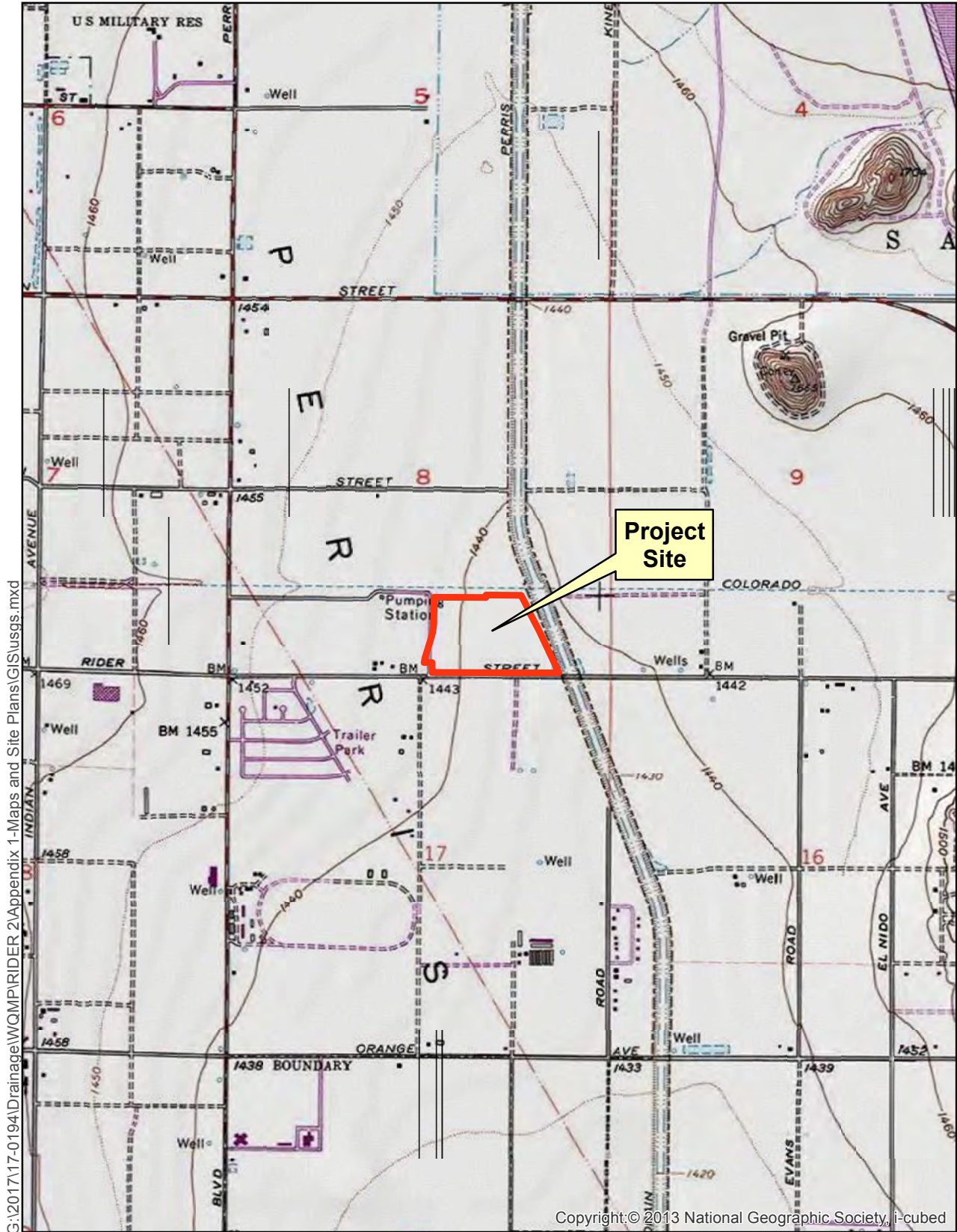
FIG. 5 SOILS MAP

G:\2017\17-0194\Drainage\WQMP\RIDER 2\Appendix 1-Maps and Site Plans\GIS\vicinity.mxd



FIGURE 1: VICINITY MAP



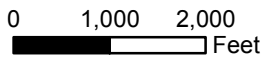


G:\2017\17-0194\Drainage\WQMP\RIDER 2\Appendix 1-Maps and Site Plans\GIS\usgs.mxd

Copyright © 2013 National Geographic Society, i-cubed

Sources: ESRI / USGS 7.5min Quad
DRGs: PERRIS

Figure 2. USGS Topography Map



G:\2017\17-0194\Drainage\WQMP\RIDER 2\Appendix 1-Maps and Site Plans\GIS\Aerial.mxd

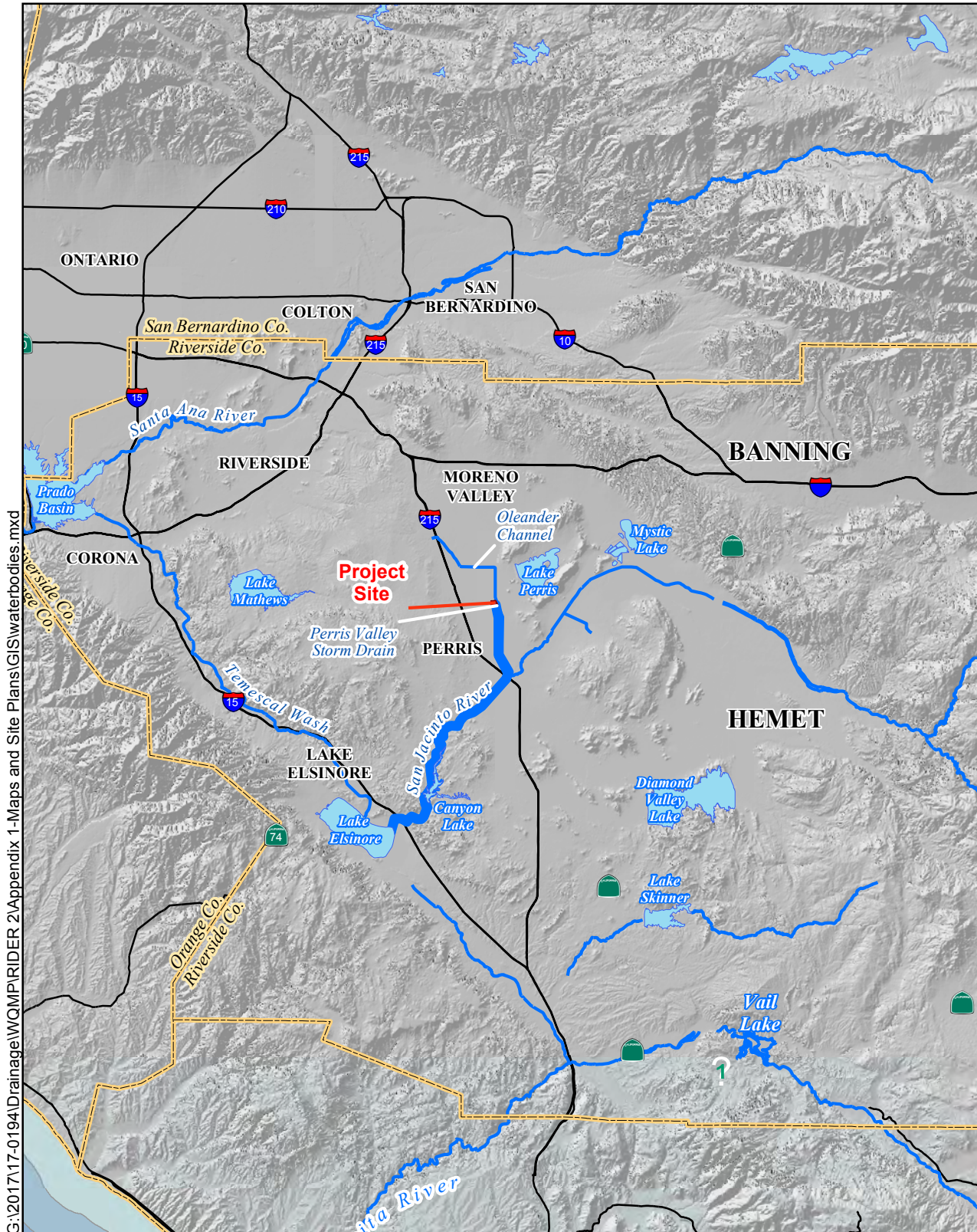


Sources: County of Riverside GIS, 2013;
Eagle Aerial, April 2012.

Figure 3. Aerial Photograph

0 400 800
Feet





G:\2017\17-0194\Drainage\WQMP\RIDER 2\Appendix 1-Maps and Site Plans\GIS\waterbodies.mxd

Sources: USGS 30 Meter DEM;
USGS Digital Line Graph

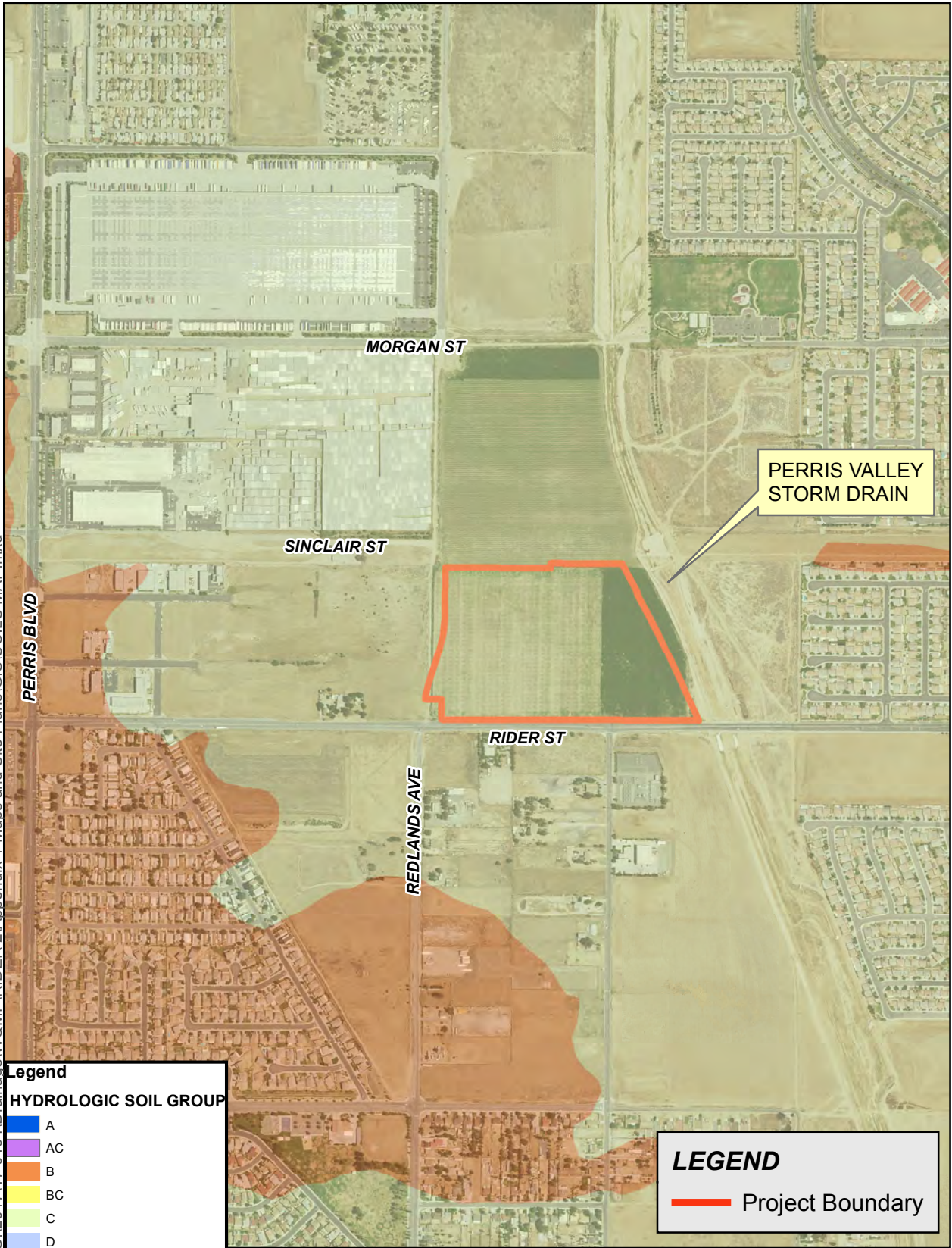
Figure 4. Receiving Waterbodies

0 2 4 6
Miles



Flowpath

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Legend

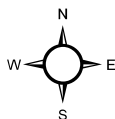
HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP

Blue	A
Purple	AC
Orange	B
Yellow	BC
Light Green	C
Light Blue	D

LEGEND

Red line	Project Boundary
----------	------------------

Eagle Aerial, April 2010;
 Riverside County GIS, 2012
 RCFC&WCD Hydology Manual Plate C-1.30



0 500 1,000
 Feet

Soils Map

SECTION 2 - HYDROLOGY ANALYSIS

HYDROLOGY PARAMETERS

The RCFC&WCD Hydrology Manual was used to determine several of the hydrological parameters. The following rainfall depths were utilized in the hydrology analyses, which were obtained from the standard intensity-duration curve for Perris Valley from the manual:

Table 1 – Precipitation Values

	Duration
Storm Event	1-Hour (inches)
10-Year	0.45
100-Year	1.2

The value for slope of intensity was determined to be 0.45. The same rainfall data that was used in the drainage report for the design of Line-A-B. The standard intensity-duration curve for Perris (Plate D-4.1)

Based on the Plate C-1.30 (Perris) in the RCFC&WCD Hydrology Manual, the project site is comprised of soil type C. The soils map is included in Appendix A.

The cover type was determined based on the proposed use of the site and utilizing Plates D-5.5 and D-5.6 from the Hydrology Manual. The commercial landscaping cover type was used to represent the developed condition and the undeveloped “poor” condition was used to represent the offsite areas. The table below summarizes the runoff index values and recommended values for percentage each category of impervious cover:

Table 2 – Cover Type

Cover Type	Soil Group A	Soil Group B	Soil Group C	Soil Group D	Percentage of Impervious Cover
Commercial Landscaping	32	56	69	75	90
Undeveloped Poor	67	78	86	89	0

ON-SITE RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY

The rational method was used to determine peak flow rates in order to adequately size the proposed subsurface storm drains and associated inlets used to convey on-site flows through the site and into the existing Line-A-B storm drain. The project site area was divided into 6 subareas.

Area-1 and Area-2 (approximately 16.9 acres) surface flows into 2 low points on the north side of the project and share the same storm drain system, Line-A. Area-OS-1 and Area-OS-2 (approximately 2.7

acres) also surface flow into these low points. A 100-year peak flow of 44.0 cfs is generated by these four sub areas. The runoff will be conveyed around the building towards Area-6 using Line-A.

Area-3 and Area-4 (approximately 16.6 acres) also surface flows the runoff into 2 low points on the south side of the project site and conveys the runoff westerly using a storm drain system, Line-B. A 100-year peak flow of 38.4 cfs is generated by these two sub areas. The runoff will be conveyed westerly towards Area-6.

Area-5 (approximately 1.7 acres) sheet flows into a curb cut and spill into Area-6. A 100-year peak flow of 3.5 cfs is generated by this sub area. The runoff will be conveyed westerly towards Area-6.

A peak 100 year flow rate of 88.0 cfs is generated by the site, including the off-site areas and basin area. An emergency escape route will be provided capable of bypassing the peak 100 year flow rate.

The following table summarizes the rational method results at key points:

Table 3 – Rational Method Results

Point of Interest	10-Year Peak Flow Rate (cfs)	100-Year Peak Flow Rate (cfs)
On-site Hydrology		
Node 101-Line-A Runoff generated from Area-1	12.4	19.8
Node 102-Line-A Runoff generated from Area-2	11.5	18.4
Node 102-Line-A Total Runoff conveyed to Line-A	27.4	44.0
Node 201-Line-B Runoff generated from Area-3	13.0	20.8
Node 202-Line-B Runoff generated from Area-4	10.9	17.6
Node 202-Line-B Total Runoff conveyed to Line-B	24.0	38.4
Node 301 Runoff generated from Area-5	2.1	3.5
Node 103 Runoff generated from Area-6	1.9	3.5
Total flow tributary for the project	54.5	87.8
Off-site Hydrology		
Node 101 Runoff generated from OS-1	2.4	4.0
Node 102 Runoff generated from OS-2	1.1	1.8

The rational method output files and hydrology map have been included in Appendix A.

SECTION 3 - HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

ON-SITE STORM DRAIN FACILITIES

The project proposes two subsurface storm drain systems to convey on-site flows. The runoff will discharge into Outlet Structure A. The runoff from Outlet Structure A discharges into Lateral A-B-2 and then connects to an existing 8'W x 7'H RCB storm drain, Line-A-B. It then drains into the Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel.

A brief summary of each system has been provided and the results of the hydraulic analyses are included at the end of the section. The peak flow rates determined during the 100-year rational method on-site hydrology analysis were utilized to evaluate the proposed storm drain systems.

Outlet Structure A

The outlet structure was sized using the peak 100-year flow rate of 87.8 cfs. A weir calculation was utilized to size the Basin-A outlet. A grated inlet with 5 grates is proposed to handle the 100-year overflow. Based on a peak flow rate of 87.8 cfs, a total of 1.0-foot of head is required to bypass the 100-year flow rate resulting in a water surface elevation of 1435.7 feet. The calculation has been included in Appendix B.

Line-A (Onsite)

The north portion of the project site will surface flow to two low points in the north side of the truck court and be collected by Line-A. Line-A, a 30-inch HDPE storm drain that transitions into a 42-inch HDPE storm drain. Line-A proposes to convey the 100-year peak flow rate to Basin-A. A normal depth calculation was used to determine the appropriate size for Line-A. A hydraulic model for Line-A will be provided during final engineering to further access the storm drain design.

Line-B (Onsite)

The south portion of the project site will surface flow to two low points in the south side of the truck court and be collected by Line-B. Line-B, a 30-inch HDPE storm drain that transitions into a 36-inch HDPE storm drain. Line-B proposes to convey the 100-year peak flow rate to Basin-A. A normal depth calculation was used to determine the appropriate size for Line-B. A hydraulic model for Line-B will be provided during final engineering to further access the storm drain design.

Lateral A-B-2 (Offsite)

Lateral A-B-2 is an existing 24" reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) with a concrete bulkhead. Since the project proposes to discharge at one singular point, the junction structure will be redesigned to accommodate 87.8 cfs. A normal depth calculation was used to determine the appropriate size for Lateral A-B-2. Lateral A-B-2 will be a 54" RCP storm drain. A hydraulic model for Lateral A-B-2 will be provided during final engineering to further access the storm drain design. The previously approved hydraulic calculations for Lateral A-B-2 show that the project area, along with the offsite areas, were considered for sizing the storm drain Line-A and that it was assumed to be commercial. Refer to Appendix C.

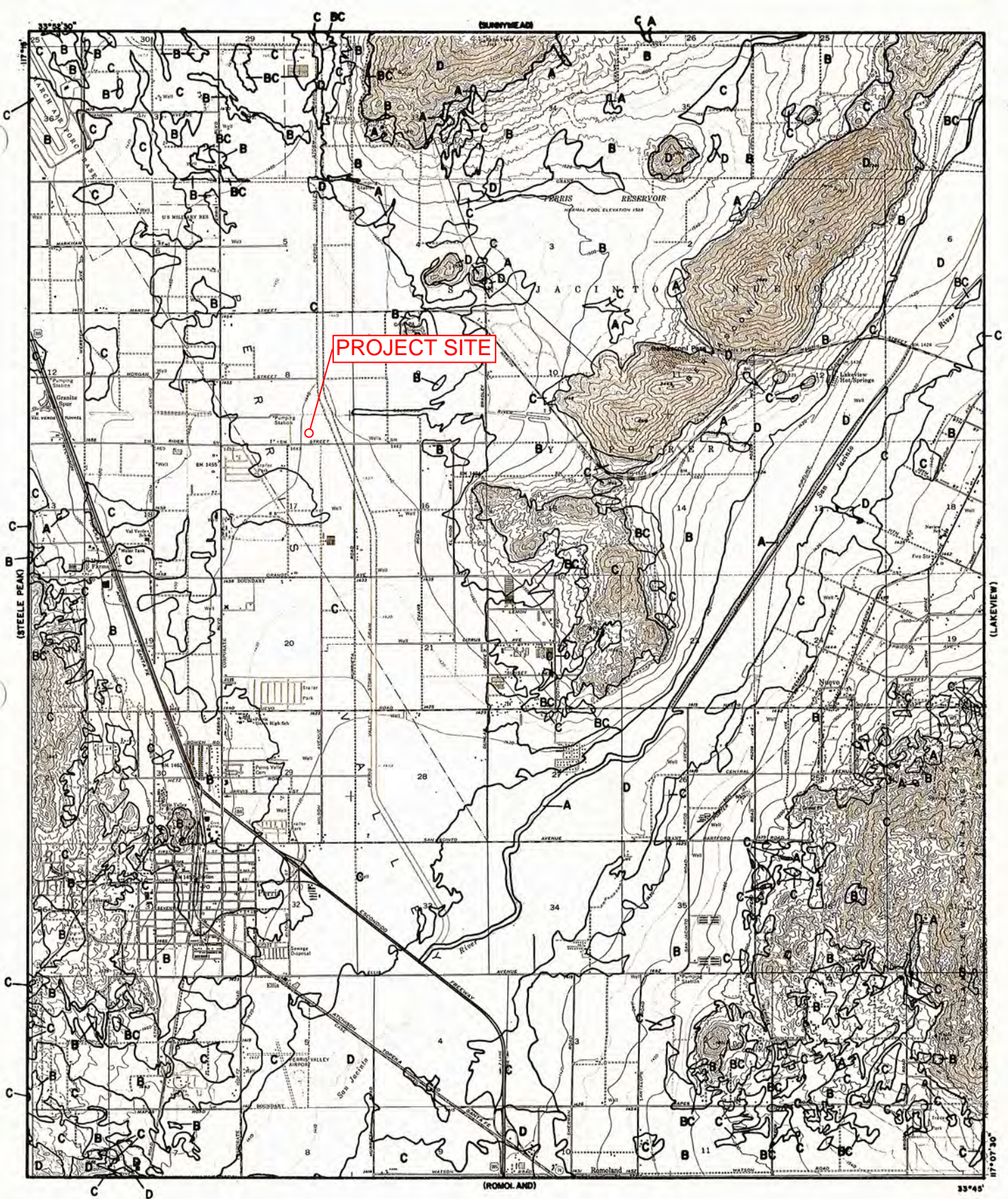
SECTION 4 - CONCLUSION

Based on the analyses and results of this report, the following conclusions were derived from the hydrology and hydraulic results:

- The proposed on-site subsurface storm drain systems will adequately convey flows to the basin and provide flood protection for the 100-year storm event.
- The proposed basins will adequately treat on-site flows.
- The proposed project will not impact flooding conditions to upstream or downstream properties.

APPENDIX A – HYDROLOGY

HYDROLOGY PARAMETERS



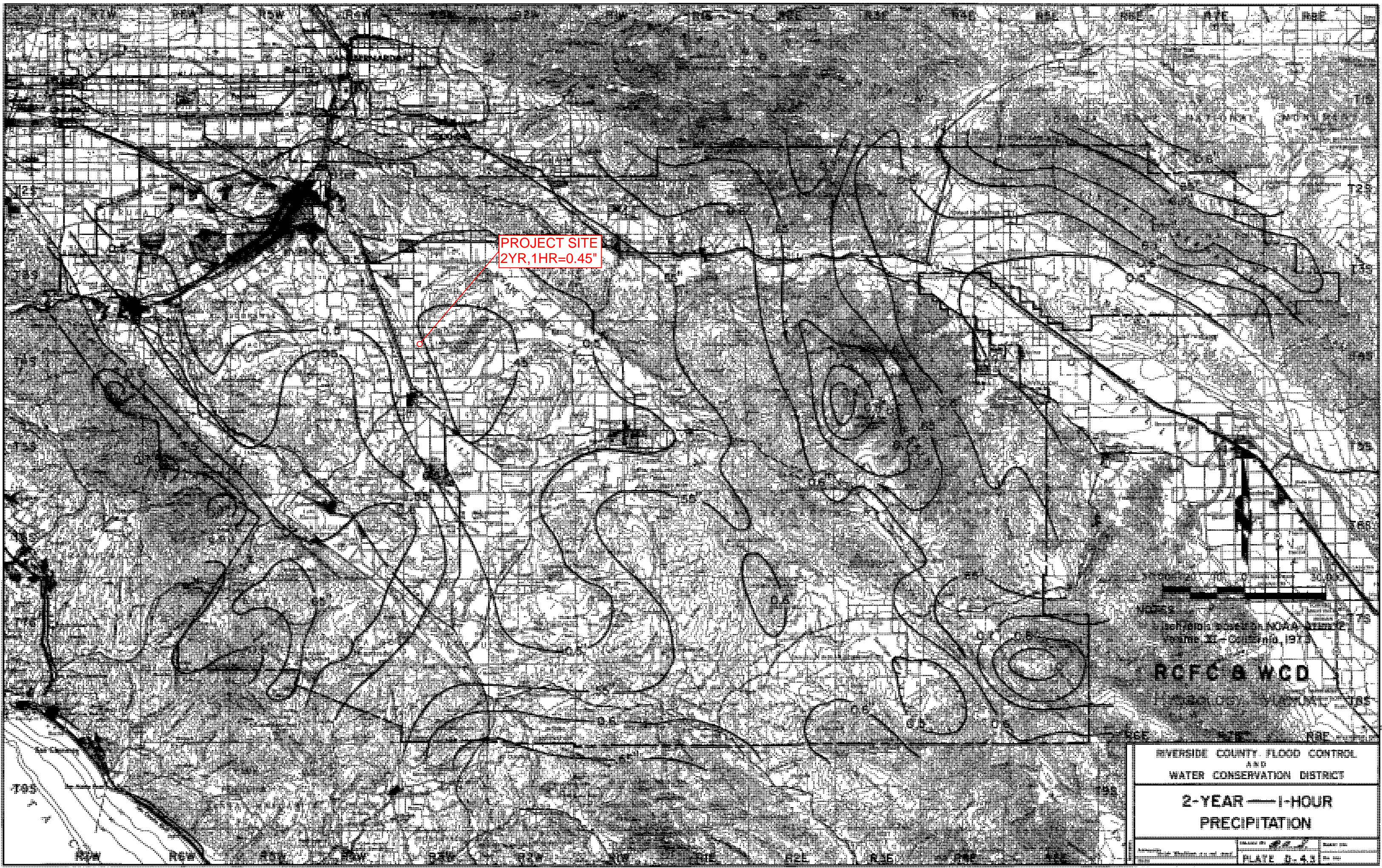
LEGEND

— SOILS GROUP BOUNDARY
 A SOILS GROUP DESIGNATION

RCFC & WCD
 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

0 FEET 5000

**HYDROLOGIC SOILS GROUP MAP
 FOR
 PERRIS**



PROJECT SITE
2YR, 1HR=0.45"

NOTES:
Isobars based on NOAA Chart
No. 11, Coastal, 1978

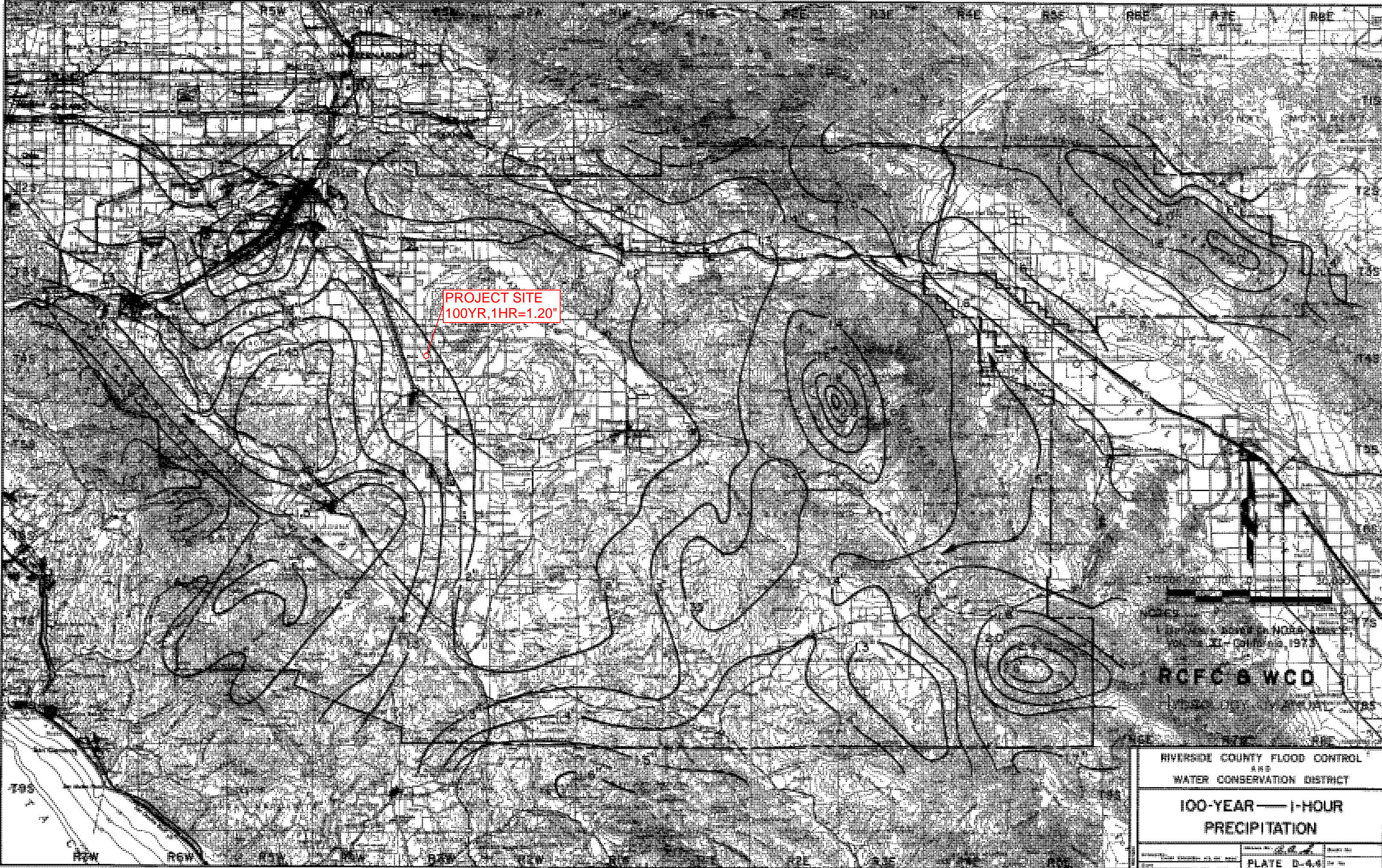
RCFC & WCD
RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

**2-YEAR — 1-HOUR
PRECIPITATION**

DATE: 1/1/78
DRAWN BY: [Signature]
CHECKED BY: [Signature]

PLATE D-43



PROJECT SITE
100YR, 1HR=1.20"



UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA
DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES
CIVIL ENGINEERING CENTER
DIVERSITY DRIVE
BERKELEY, CALIF. 94720

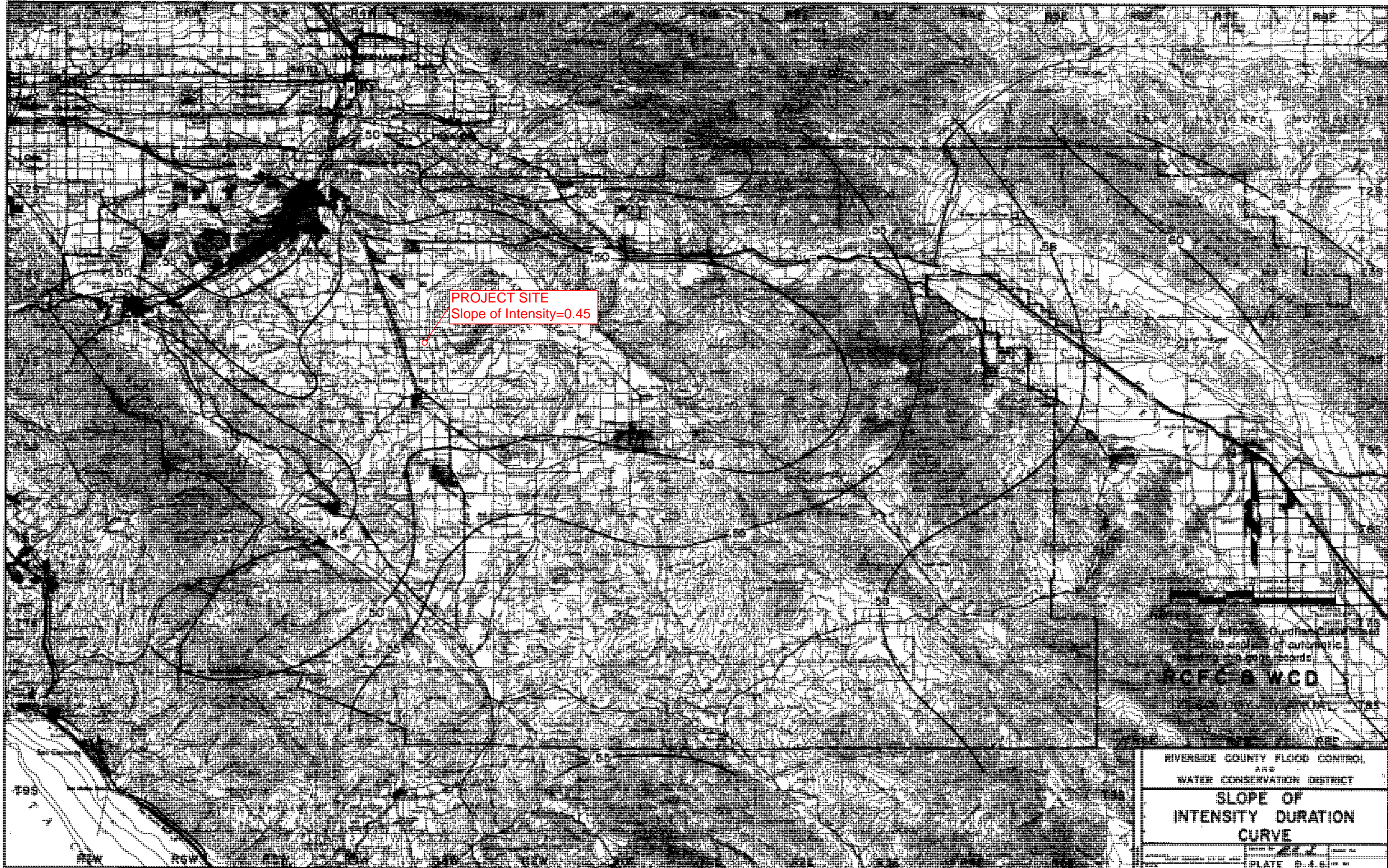
RCFC & WCD

100-YEAR 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

**100-YEAR — 1-HOUR
PRECIPITATION**

PLATE D-4.4



Map prepared by Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District based on data and/or automatic recording data records.

RCFC & WCD

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
**SLOPE OF
INTENSITY DURATION
CURVE**

DATE: 10/15/11 BY: [Signature] PLATE: D-1.1

10-YEAR PROPOSED ONSITE HYDROLOGY (RATIONAL METHOD)

PROP10

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c) 1989 - 2004 Version 7.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 08/26/19 File:PROP10.out

17-0357 RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II
RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY - ONSITE/OFFSITE FLOWS
10 YEAR STORM EVENT
FN: PROP10.OUT MJS

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 4010

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 10.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

2 year, 1 hour precipitation = 0.450(In.)
100 year, 1 hour precipitation = 1.200(In.)

Storm event year = 10.0
Calculated rainfall intensity data:
1 hour intensity = 0.759(In/Hr)
Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4500

Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 101.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 688.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 1447.300(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 1440.800(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 6.500(Ft.)
Slope = 0.00945 s(percent)= 0.94
TC = $k(0.300)*[(\text{length}^3)/(\text{elevation change})]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 10.401 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.669(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.876
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Initial subarea runoff = 12.431(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 8.500(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 0.100

Process from Point/Station 401.000 to Point/Station 401.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Runoff Coefficient = 0.796
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 86.00
Pervious area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
Time of concentration = 10.40 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.669(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Subarea runoff = 2.393(CFS) for 1.800(Ac.)

PROP10
Total runoff = 14.824(CFS) Total area = 10.300(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 101.000 to Point/Station 102.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1437.900(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1436.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 512.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 14.824(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 27.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 14.824(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 18.54(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 25.05(In.)
Critical Depth = 16.09(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.09(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.68 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 12.08 min.

Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station 102.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.875
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Time of concentration = 12.08 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.561(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Subarea runoff = 11.470(CFS) for 8.400(Ac.)
Total runoff = 26.294(CFS) Total area = 18.700(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 402.000 to Point/Station 402.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Runoff Coefficient = 0.790
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 86.00
Pervious area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
Time of concentration = 12.08 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.561(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Subarea runoff = 1.110(CFS) for 0.900(Ac.)
Total runoff = 27.404(CFS) Total area = 19.600(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station 103.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1436.400(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1434.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 887.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 27.404(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 33.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 27.404(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 24.94(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 28.36(In.)
Critical Depth = 20.86(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.69(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 2.60 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 14.67 min.

Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station 103.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

PROP10

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 19.600(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 27.404(CFS)
Time of concentration = 14.67 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.430(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 201.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 635.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 1447.300(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 1440.700(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 6.600(Ft.)
Slope = 0.01039 s(percent)= 1.04
TC = k(0.300)*[(length^3)/(elevation change)]^0.2
Initial area time of concentration = 9.883 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.708(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.877
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Initial subarea runoff = 13.026(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 8.700(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 0.100

Process from Point/Station 201.000 to Point/Station 202.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1437.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1435.500(Ft.)
Pipe length = 539.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 13.026(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 24.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 13.026(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 19.17(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 19.24(In.)
Critical Depth = 15.58(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.84(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.85 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 11.74 min.

Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station 202.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.875
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Time of concentration = 11.74 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.581(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Subarea runoff = 9.270(CFS) for 6.700(Ac.)
Total runoff = 22.295(CFS) Total area = 15.400(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station 103.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1435.500(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1434.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 491.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 22.295(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 30.00(In.)

PROP10

Calculated individual pipe flow = 22.295(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 22.41(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 26.09(In.)
 Critical Depth = 19.29(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 5.67(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 1.44 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 13.18 min.

 Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station 103.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 2
 Stream flow area = 15.400(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 22.295(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 13.18 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 1.500(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
------------	-----------------	----------	----------------------------

1	27.404	14.67	1.430
2	22.295	13.18	1.500

Largest stream flow has longer time of concentration

Qp = 27.404 + sum of

$$Q_b \frac{I_a}{I_b}$$

$$22.295 * 0.953 = 21.244$$
 Qp = 48.648

Total of 2 main streams to confluence:

Flow rates before confluence point:

27.404 22.295
 Area of streams before confluence:
 19.600 15.400

Results of confluence:

Total flow rate = 48.648(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 14.674 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 35.000(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 301.000 to Point/Station 103.000
 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

COMMERCIAL subarea type

Runoff Coefficient = 0.873
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
 Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
 Time of concentration = 14.67 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 1.430(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
 Subarea runoff = 3.996(CFS) for 3.200(Ac.)
 Total runoff = 52.644(CFS) Total area = 38.200(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 103.000 to Point/Station 103.000
 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

USER INPUT of soil data for subarea

Runoff Coefficient = 0.634
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
 Pervious area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
 Time of concentration = 14.67 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 1.430(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
 Subarea runoff = 1.813(CFS) for 2.000(Ac.)

Total runoff = 54.457(CFS) Total area = 40.200(Ac.)
PROP10
End of computations, total study area = 40.20 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(A_p) = 0.205
Area averaged RI index number = 70.1

100-YEAR PROPOSED ONSITE HYDROLOGY (RATIONAL METHOD)

PROP100

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c) 1989 - 2004 Version 7.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 08/26/19 File:PROP100.out

17-0357 RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II
RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY - ONSITE/OFFSITE FLOWS
100 YEAR STORM EVENT
FN: PROP100.OUT MJS

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 4010

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 100.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

2 year, 1 hour precipitation = 0.450(In.)
100 year, 1 hour precipitation = 1.200(In.)

Storm event year = 100.0
Calculated rainfall intensity data:
1 hour intensity = 1.200(In/Hr)
Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4500

Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 101.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 688.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 1447.300(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 1440.800(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 6.500(Ft.)
Slope = 0.00945 s(percent)= 0.94
TC = k(0.300)*[(length^3)/(elevation change)]^0.2
Initial area time of concentration = 10.401 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.640(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.883
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Initial subarea runoff = 19.825(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 8.500(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 0.100

Process from Point/Station 401.000 to Point/Station 401.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Runoff Coefficient = 0.832
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 86.00
Pervious area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
Time of concentration = 10.40 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.640(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Subarea runoff = 3.952(CFS) for 1.800(Ac.)

PROP100
Total runoff = 23.777(CFS) Total area = 10.300(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 101.000 to Point/Station 102.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1437.900(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1436.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 512.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 23.777(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 30.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 23.777(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 24.28(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 23.57(In.)
Critical Depth = 19.92(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.59(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.53 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 11.93 min.

Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station 102.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.883
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Time of concentration = 11.93 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.482(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Subarea runoff = 18.402(CFS) for 8.400(Ac.)
Total runoff = 42.180(CFS) Total area = 18.700(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 402.000 to Point/Station 402.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

UNDEVELOPED (poor cover) subarea
Runoff Coefficient = 0.828
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 86.00
Pervious area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
Time of concentration = 11.93 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.482(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Subarea runoff = 1.849(CFS) for 0.900(Ac.)
Total runoff = 44.029(CFS) Total area = 19.600(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station 103.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1436.400(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1434.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 887.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 44.029(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 39.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 44.029(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 30.23(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 32.56(In.)
Critical Depth = 25.38(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 6.38(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 2.32 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 14.25 min.

Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station 103.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

PROP100

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 19.600(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 44.029(CFS)
Time of concentration = 14.25 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.292(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 201.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 635.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 1447.300(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 1440.700(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 6.600(Ft.)
Slope = 0.01039 s(percent) = 1.04
TC = $k(0.300)*[(length^3)/(elevation\ change)]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 9.883 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.702(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.884
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Initial subarea runoff = 20.771(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 8.700(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 0.100

Process from Point/Station 201.000 to Point/Station 202.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1437.100(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1435.500(Ft.)
Pipe length = 539.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 20.771(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 30.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 20.771(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 21.40(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 27.13(In.)
Critical Depth = 18.59(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.54(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.62 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 11.50 min.

Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station 202.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.883
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Time of concentration = 11.50 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.523(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Subarea runoff = 14.924(CFS) for 6.700(Ac.)
Total runoff = 35.695(CFS) Total area = 15.400(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station 103.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1435.500(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1434.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 491.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 35.695(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 36.00(In.)

PROP100

Calculated individual pipe flow = 35.695(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 26.53(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 31.70(In.)
 Critical Depth = 23.32(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 6.39(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 1.28 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 12.78 min.

 Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station 103.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 2
 Stream flow area = 15.400(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 35.695(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 12.78 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 2.406(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
------------	-----------------	----------	----------------------------

1	44.029	14.25	2.292
2	35.695	12.78	2.406

Largest stream flow has longer time of concentration

Qp = 44.029 + sum of

$$Q_b \cdot \frac{I_a/I_b}{35.695} = 33.998$$

 Qp = 78.027

Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 44.029 35.695
 Area of streams before confluence:
 19.600 15.400

Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 78.027(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 14.246 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 35.000(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 301.000 to Point/Station 103.000
 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

COMMERCIAL subarea type
 Runoff Coefficient = 0.881
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
 Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
 Time of concentration = 14.25 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 2.292(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Subarea runoff = 6.464(CFS) for 3.200(Ac.)
 Total runoff = 84.490(CFS) Total area = 38.200(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 103.000 to Point/Station 103.000
 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

USER INPUT of soil data for subarea
 Runoff Coefficient = 0.714
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
 Pervious area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
 Time of concentration = 14.25 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 2.292(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Subarea runoff = 3.271(CFS) for 2.000(Ac.)

PROP100
Total runoff = 87.761(CFS) Total area = 40.200(Ac.)
End of computations, total study area = 40.20 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(A_p) = 0.205
Area averaged RI index number = 70.1

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY MAP

APPENDIX B – HYDRAULICS

OUTLET STRUCTURE-A

Weir Inlet Ponding Depth Calculation



Designer: MJS

Date: 6/4/2018

Project: Rider II

Location: Outlet Structure for WQ Basin-A

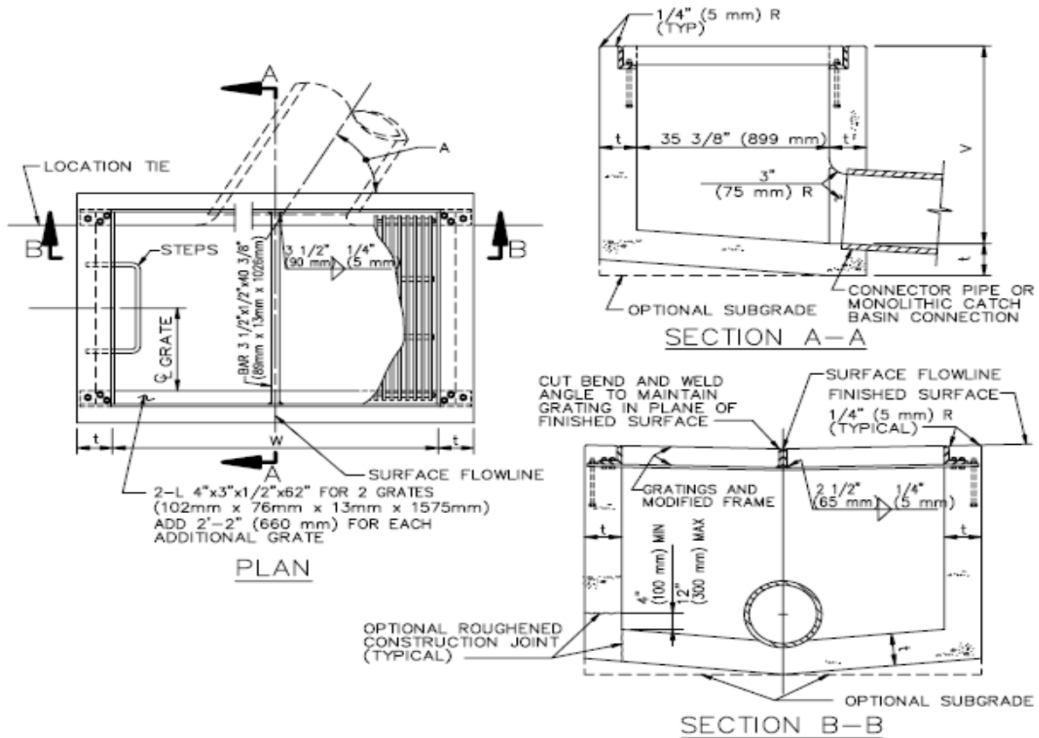
OUTLET STRUCTURE PONDING DEPTH SPPWC 305-3

DISCHARGE (cfs)	87.8
NUMBER OF GRATES	5
LENGTH (ft)	27.479

$$Q = CL(h)^{3/2}$$

WEIR COEFFICIENT	C	3	
WEIR LENGTH	L	27.479	ft ²
HEAD	h	1.04	ft
Flow	Q	87.80	cfs

Top of Weir Elevation: 1434.7
Water Surface Elevation: 1435.7



LINE-A

Hydraulic Analysis Report

Project Data

Project Title: Rider Distribution Center II
Designer:
Project Date: Thursday, October 26, 2017
Project Units: U.S. Customary Units
Notes:

Channel Analysis: LINE A: NODE 101 TO NODE 102

Notes:

Input Parameters

Channel Type: Circular
Pipe Diameter: 2.5000 ft
Longitudinal Slope: 0.0030 ft/ft
Manning's n: 0.0120
Flow: 23.8000 cfs

Result Parameters

Depth: 2.0009 ft
Area of Flow: 4.2116 ft²
Wetted Perimeter: 5.5380 ft
Hydraulic Radius: 0.7605 ft
Average Velocity: 5.6510 ft/s
Top Width: 1.9987 ft
Froude Number: 0.6860
Critical Depth: 1.6614 ft
Critical Velocity: 6.8708 ft/s
Critical Slope: 0.0047 ft/ft
Critical Top Width: 2.36 ft
Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.3746 lb/ft²
Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.1424 lb/ft²

Channel Analysis: LINE A: NODE 102 TO NODE 103

Notes:

Input Parameters

Channel Type: Circular

Pipe Diameter: 3.5000 ft

Longitudinal Slope: 0.0030 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0120

Flow: 44.0000 cfs

Result Parameters

Depth: 2.2344 ft

Area of Flow: 6.4842 ft²

Wetted Perimeter: 6.4795 ft

Hydraulic Radius: 1.0007 ft

Average Velocity: 6.7858 ft/s

Top Width: 3.3632 ft

Froude Number: 0.8612

Critical Depth: 2.0679 ft

Critical Velocity: 7.4362 ft/s

Critical Slope: 0.0038 ft/ft

Critical Top Width: 3.44 ft

Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.4183 lb/ft²

Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.1873 lb/ft²

LINE-B

Hydraulic Analysis Report

Project Data

Project Title: Rider Distribution Center II
Designer:
Project Date: Thursday, October 26, 2017
Project Units: U.S. Customary Units
Notes:

Channel Analysis: LINE B: NODE 201 TO NODE 202

Notes:

Input Parameters

Channel Type: Circular
Pipe Diameter: 2.5000 ft
Longitudinal Slope: 0.0030 ft/ft
Manning's n: 0.0120
Flow: 20.8000 cfs

Result Parameters

Depth: 1.7780 ft
Area of Flow: 3.7341 ft²
Wetted Perimeter: 5.0173 ft
Hydraulic Radius: 0.7442 ft
Average Velocity: 5.5703 ft/s
Top Width: 2.2660 ft
Froude Number: 0.7647
Critical Depth: 1.5491 ft
Critical Velocity: 6.5105 ft/s
Critical Slope: 0.0044 ft/ft
Critical Top Width: 2.43 ft
Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.3328 lb/ft²
Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.1393 lb/ft²

Channel Analysis: LINE B: NODE 202 TO NODE 103

Notes:

Input Parameters

Channel Type: Circular

Pipe Diameter: 3.0000 ft

Longitudinal Slope: 0.0030 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0120

Flow: 38.4000 cfs

Result Parameters

Depth: 2.3823 ft

Area of Flow: 6.0193 ft²

Wetted Perimeter: 6.5988 ft

Hydraulic Radius: 0.9122 ft

Average Velocity: 6.3794 ft/s

Top Width: 2.4262 ft

Froude Number: 0.7137

Critical Depth: 2.0156 ft

Critical Velocity: 7.6038 ft/s

Critical Slope: 0.0045 ft/ft

Critical Top Width: 2.82 ft

Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.4460 lb/ft²

Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.1708 lb/ft²

LATERAL A-B-2

Hydraulic Analysis Report

Project Data

Project Title: Rider Distribution Center II
Designer:
Project Date: Thursday, October 26, 2017
Project Units: U.S. Customary Units
Notes:

Channel Analysis: LATERAL AB-2

Notes:

Input Parameters

Channel Type: Circular
Pipe Diameter: 4.5000 ft
Longitudinal Slope: 0.0030 ft/ft
Manning's n: 0.0130
Flow: 87.8000 cfs

Result Parameters

Depth: 3.0870 ft
Area of Flow: 11.6301 ft²
Wetted Perimeter: 8.7839 ft
Hydraulic Radius: 1.3240 ft
Average Velocity: 7.5494 ft/s
Top Width: 4.1770 ft
Froude Number: 0.7973
Critical Depth: 2.7466 ft
Critical Velocity: 8.6345 ft/s
Critical Slope: 0.0042 ft/ft
Critical Top Width: 4.39 ft
Calculated Max Shear Stress: 0.5779 lb/ft²
Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.2479 lb/ft²

WATER QUALITY CALCULATIONS FOR BASIN

*See Preliminary-WQMP for additional details

Bioretention Facility - Design Procedure		BMP ID Basin A	Legend:	Required Entries
				Calculated Cells
Company Name:	Albert A. Webb Associates		Date:	5/30/2018
Designed by:	MJS		County/City Case No.:	PX-XXX
Design Volume				
Enter the area tributary to this feature			$A_T =$	40 acres
Enter V_{BMP} determined from Section 2.1 of this Handbook			$V_{BMP} =$	68,500 ft ³
Type of Bioretention Facility Design				
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Side slopes required (parallel to parking spaces or adjacent to walkways) <input type="radio"/> No side slopes required (perpendicular to parking space or Planter Boxes)				
Bioretention Facility Surface Area				
Depth of Soil Filter Media Layer			$d_S =$	1.5 ft
Top Width of Bioretention Facility, excluding curb			$w_T =$	50.0 ft
Total Effective Depth, d_E $d_E = (0.3) \times d_S + (0.4) \times 1 - (0.7/w_T) + 0.5$			$d_E =$	1.34 ft
Minimum Surface Area, A_m $A_M (ft^2) = \frac{V_{BMP} (ft^3)}{d_E (ft)}$			$A_M =$	51,273 ft ²
Proposed Surface Area			$A =$	54,865 ft ²
Bioretention Facility Properties				
Side Slopes in Bioretention Facility			$z =$	2 :1
Diameter of Underdrain				6 inches
Longitudinal Slope of Site (3% maximum)				0 %
6" Check Dam Spacing				0 feet
Describe Vegetation:			Other	
Notes:				

APPENDIX C – REFERENCES



Thienes Engineering, Inc.

CIVIL ENGINEERING • LAND SURVEYING

MS 94
PC # 10

HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

FOR

RIDER STREET STORM DRAIN
REINFORCED CONCRETE BOX
(MS94)

PERRIS VALLEY AREA DRAINAGE PLAN LINE "A-B"
PERRIS, CALIFORNIA 92571

PREPARED FOR

FIRST INDUSTRIAL REALTY TRUST - IRVINE
114 PACIFICA #220
IRVINE, CA 92618
(949) 486-1970

JUNE 10, 2009
REVISED SEPTEMBER 4, 2009
REVISED FEBRUARY 23, 2010

JOB NO. 2702F

PREPARED BY

THIENES ENGINEERING
14349 FIRESTONE BLVD.
LA MIRADA, CALIFORNIA 90638
(714) 521-4811

RECEIVED
JUN 09 2010

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
DEVELOPMENT REVIEW/PLAN CHECK

RECEIVED
OCT 06 2010

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
DEVELOPMENT REVIEW/PLAN CHECK

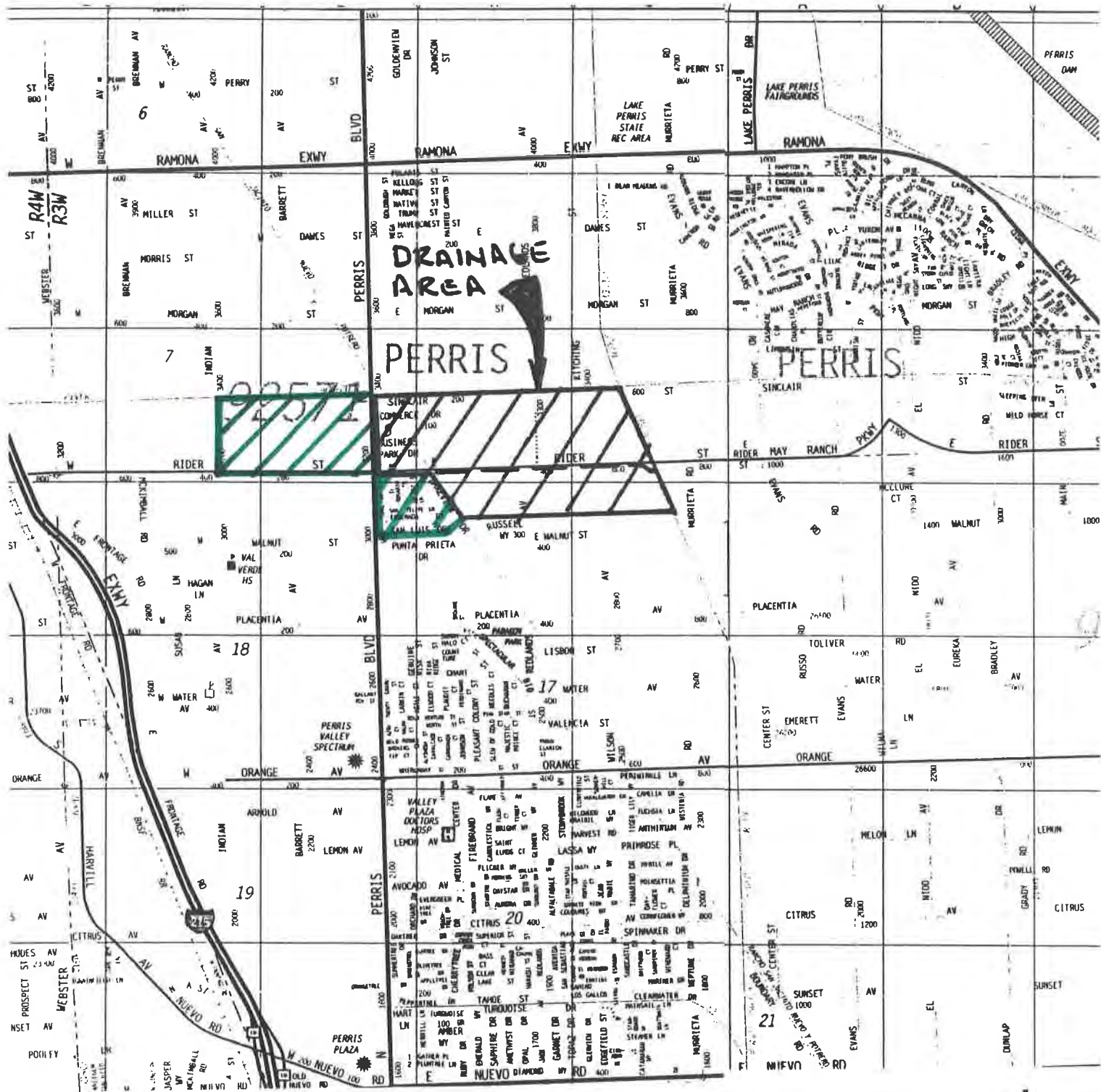


FIGURE 1

DISCUSSION

This study covers the drainage area tributary to the Perris Valley Area Drainage Plan Line Number "A-B". Tributary area was determined from the Perris Valley Area Drainage Plan. Topography from Riverside County Flood Control quad sheets (Sections 7,8,17 & 18 of T.4S, R.3W) and survey information supports the drainage from the Perris Valley Area Drainage Plan.

Hydrology

Under existing conditions, areas west of Perris Boulevard drain to a small basin at the southwest corner of Perris Boulevard and Rider Street. The adjacent residential area and Perris Boulevard south of Rider Street drain in a southerly direction toward Placentia Avenue. A ridge and channel just north of Sinclair Street supports the northerly drainage boundary. There are areas south of Rider Street between Redlands Avenue and the Perris Valley Storm Channel that do not currently drain to Rider Street (this area appears to drain directly to the Channel). However, to be consistent with the Perris Valley Area Drainage Plan this area is added to the Rider Street storm drain.

Recent topography and field review also shows that an area south of Rider Street between Perris Boulevard and Lakeview is also tributary to Rider Street and has been incorporated into the Master Drainage Plan.

A hydrologic model was established using the original Master Plan as well as incorporating several proposed commercial developments within the drainage area. Also added to the hydrologic model is an area at the northwest corner of Perris Boulevard and Rider Street (approximately 71.4 acres). Per the Perris Valley Area Drainage Plan, this area is tabled to the "H" system, not Rider Street. However, both the City and County are agreeable to the addition of this area to Line "A-B". To accommodate the additional flow, the proposed storm drain was changed to an appropriately sized box culvert. Total drainage area is approximately 284 acres.

Runoff generally drains to Rider Street to a proposed storm drain. The drain traverses easterly and ultimately discharges to the Perris Valley Storm Channel. The 100-year peak flow rate tributary to the Channel from the storm drain is approximately 483 cfs. Runoff from the areas west of Perris Boulevard were modeled using the same areas, elevations and flow lengths from the Perris Valley Master Plan for Lateral "H-1" (see reference calculations in Appendix "D").

Runoff from areas north of Sinclair Street drain to an existing channel within the Sinclair Street right-of-way. The existing channel appears to end at Redlands Avenue. Here, recent survey shows that runoff in the channel will spillover the northerly side of the channel and sheet flow to the north. Topography suggests that flow would then cross over Redlands Avenue and then continue easterly toward the Perris Valley Storm Channel. Hydraulic calculations support that flow north of Sinclair Street would be unable to flow south to the Rider Street Storm drain. This is consistent with the Perris Valley Area Drainage Plan.

Riverside County Rational Method program (AES Software) was used for the hydrology calculations. The site is composed primarily of soil type "C" per the Riverside County Hydrology Manual. Please see Appendix "A" for hydrology calculations.

Hydraulics

Hydraulic calculations were computed using WSPG program. The hydraulic control (for the mainline) was the water surface elevation in the ultimate condition Channel when future improvements are complete (the channel will be considerably wider and deeper). This water surface elevation is approximately 1433 taken from the Master Drainage Plan for the Perris Valley Channel (from October 1989).

Hydraulic control for the laterals was determined by using the energy grade line (E.G.L.) in the mainline and subtracting the velocity head associated with each lateral. The County requested that the laterals each include a wall entrance loss (WE card in the WSPG program). A 180" pipe was assumed at the wall entrance to create a velocity close to zero (to approximately model ponding upstream at the headwall).

Flow intercepted by the flowby catch basins between Lakeview Drive and Redlands Avenue was added directly to the mainline peak flow rate for a conservative flow in the box culvert. At the sump catch basins, the remaining flow was added to yield the rational method peak flow at this location. Please see Appendix "B" for hydraulic calculations.

Catch basins

Catch basins will be added along Rider Street between Lakeview Drive and Redlands Avenue. These basins correspond to required street improvements for a project site on the south side of Rider Street. Rider Street east of Redlands Avenue is not fully improved at this time (no curb and gutter). Therefore, no catch basins have been proposed east of Redlands Avenue.

There are four flowby catch basins located on both the north and south side of Rider Street. The flow not intercepted at each of these basins can be intercepted in the sump basins located upstream of Redlands Avenue. Please see Appendix "C" for catch basin calculations.

 RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON
 RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
 (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
 (c) Copyright 1982-99 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
 Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/99 License ID 1435

Analysis prepared by:

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***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
 * CITY OF PERRIS *
 * MASTER PLAN HYDROLOGY FOR LINE "A-B" *
 * 100-YEAR COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT WITH AREA WEST OF PERRIS BLVD. *

FILE NAME: C:\XDRIVE\2702\2702F\BOX2.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:18 08/26/2009

 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 12.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
 2-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION (INCH) = 0.450
 100-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION (INCH) = 1.200

COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA:
 STORM EVENT = 100.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.200
 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4500

RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
 NOTE: CONSIDER ALL CONFLUENCE STREAM COMBINATIONS

FOR ALL DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT-/ SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH (FT)	LIPI (FT)	HIKE (FT)	FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 2.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
 DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL

TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 850.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1472.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1464.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 8.00
 TC = 0.303*[(850.00**3)/(8.00)]**.2 = 11.445
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.529
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8736
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 19.22
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 8.70 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 19.22

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 3.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
 >>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1464.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1460.00
 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 900.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0
 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 20.00

DATA FROM CAT H-1
 HYDROLOGY

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 12.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section (curb-to-curb) = 0.0149

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 44.44
STREET FLOWING FULL
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
NOTE: STREET FLOW EXCEEDS TOP OF CURB.
THE FOLLOWING STREET FLOW RESULTS ARE BASED ON THE ASSUMPTION
THAT NEGLIGIBLE FLOW OCCURS OUTSIDE OF THE STREET CHANNEL.
THAT IS, ALL FLOW ALONG THE PARKWAY, ETC., IS NEGLECTED.
STREET FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.70
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 20.00
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.20
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 2.23
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 4.68 Tc (MIN.) = 16.13
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.167
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8707
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 26.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 50.20
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 35.30 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 69.42

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH (FEET) = 0.80 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 20.00
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.83 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC.) = 3.07
*NOTE: INITIAL SUBAREA NOMOGRAPH WITH SUBAREA PARAMETERS,
AND L = 900.0 FT WITH ELEVATION-DROP = 4.0 FT, IS 54.3 CFS,
WHICH EXCEEDS THE TOP-OF-CURB STREET CAPACITY AT NODE 3.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 3.00 = 1750.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 3.00 TO NODE 4.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 1460.00 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 1452.00
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 1300.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 42.0 INCH PIPE IS 31.2 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 9.05
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 42.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 69.42
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.39 Tc (MIN.) = 18.52
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 4.00 = 3050.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4.00 TO NODE 4.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.037
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8694
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 36.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 63.92
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 71.40 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 133.34
TC (MIN) = 18.52

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 4.00 TO NODE 113.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 1442.02 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 1438.71
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 1104.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 60.0 INCH PIPE IS 47.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.06
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 60.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 133.34
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.28 Tc (MIN.) = 20.80
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 113.00 = 4154.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 113.00 TO NODE 113.00 IS CODE = 10

>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<<

DATA FROM LAT. H-1 HYDROLOGY
SEE REFERENCE MATERIAL

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 101.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL

TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 780.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1454.50
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1450.50
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 4.00
TC = 0.303*[(780.00**3)/(4.00)]**.2 = 12.486
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.432
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8729
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 12.74
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 12.74

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1450.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1448.50
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 450.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 28.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 23.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0149
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 19.11
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.56
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 19.96
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.29
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.28
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.28 Tc(MIN.) = 15.76
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.190
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8807
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 6.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 12.73
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.60 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 25.47

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.60 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 22.29
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.47 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.49
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 = 1230.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1448.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1446.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 475.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 28.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 23.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0149
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 31.81
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.63
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 23.55

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.77
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.74
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.86 Tc(MIN.) = 18.62
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.032
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8795
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 7.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 12.69
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 19.70 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 38.15

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.66 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 25.26
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.90 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.93
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 1705.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 104.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1442.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1440.00
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 450.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 26.2 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.92
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 38.15
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.08 Tc(MIN.) = 19.70
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 104.00 = 2155.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 104.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.981
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8791
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 13.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 23.85
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 33.40 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 62.01
TC(MIN) = 19.70

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 104.00 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1440.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1438.20
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 400.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 42.0 INCH PIPE IS 32.4 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.78
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 42.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 62.01
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.86 Tc(MIN.) = 20.56
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 124.00 = 2555.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 124.00 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 10

>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 111.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 840.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1454.50
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1448.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 6.50
TC = 0.303*[(840.00**3)/(6.50)]**.2 = 11.846
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.490
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8733
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.31
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.90 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.31

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 111.00 TO NODE 112.00 IS CODE = 61
-----
>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<
=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1448.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1445.36
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 500.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 32.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 27.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0149
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 6.98
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 17.00
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.27
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.13
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.68 Tc(MIN.) = 15.52
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.205
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8710
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.34
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.60 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 7.65

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.51 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 17.63
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.32 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.19
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 112.00 = 1340.00 FEET.

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 111.00 TO NODE 112.00 IS CODE = 81
-----
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<
=====
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.205
MOBILE HOME PARK DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8275
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 9.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 17.52
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 13.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 25.17
TC(MIN) = 15.52

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 112.00 TO NODE 113.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1439.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1438.71
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 35.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 17.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.28
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 25.17
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.06 Tc(MIN.) = 15.58
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 113.00 = 1375.00 FEET.

```

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 113.00 TO NODE 113.00 IS CODE = 11
-----
>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====
** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 25.17 15.58 2.201 13.20
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 113.00 = 1375.00 FEET.

```

```

** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)

```

1 133.34 20.80 1.933 71.40
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 113.00 = 4154.00 FEET.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	125.02	15.58	2.201
2	155.44	20.80	1.933

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 155.44 Tc(MIN.) = 20.80
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 84.60

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 113.00 TO NODE 113.00 IS CODE = 12

>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 113.00 TO NODE 122.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1438.71 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1438.66
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 15.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 63.0 INCH PIPE IS 48.2 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.75
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 63.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 155.44
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 Tc(MIN.) = 20.83
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 122.00 = 4169.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 122.00 TO NODE 122.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 20.83
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.93
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 84.60
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 155.44

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 120.00 TO NODE 121.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 740.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1453.40
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1448.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 5.40
TC = 0.303*[(740.00**3)/(5.40)]**.2 = 11.393
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.534
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8737
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.98
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.98

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 121.00 TO NODE 122.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<<

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1448.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1445.19
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 500.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 32.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 27.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1

STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0149
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 8.26
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.52
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 17.95
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.42
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.25
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.44 Tc(MIN.) = 14.83
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.251
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8811
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.56
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.00 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 10.54

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.55 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 19.79
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.57 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.42
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 120.00 TO NODE 122.00 = 1240.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 122.00 TO NODE 123.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1442.48 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1438.66
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 42.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 15.87
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 10.54
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.04 Tc(MIN.) = 14.88
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 120.00 TO NODE 123.00 = 1282.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 123.00 TO NODE 123.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.88
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.25
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.00
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 10.54

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	125.02	15.61	2.200	84.60
1	155.44	20.83	1.932	84.60
2	10.54	14.88	2.248	5.00

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	129.70	14.88	2.248
2	135.33	15.61	2.200
3	164.50	20.83	1.932

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 164.50 Tc(MIN.) = 20.83
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 89.60
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 123.00 = 4169.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 123.00 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1438.66 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1437.97
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 231.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 66.0 INCH PIPE IS 49.9 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.54
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 66.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 164.50
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.45 Tc(MIN.) = 21.28
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 124.00 = 4400.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 124.00 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 11

>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 2 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	129.70	15.36	2.216	89.60
2	135.33	16.09	2.170	89.60
3	164.50	21.28	1.913	89.60

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 124.00 = 4400.00 FEET.

** MEMORY BANK # 2 CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	62.01	20.56	1.943	33.40

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 124.00 = 2555.00 FEET.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	176.02	15.36	2.216
2	183.85	16.09	2.170
3	220.91	20.56	1.943
4	225.55	21.28	1.913

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 225.55 Tc(MIN.) = 21.28
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 123.00

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 124.00 TO NODE 124.00 IS CODE = 12

>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 124.00 TO NODE 132.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1437.94 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.69
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 746.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 72.0 INCH PIPE IS 58.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.14
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 72.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 225.55
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.36 Tc(MIN.) = 22.64
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 132.00 = 5146.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 132.00 TO NODE 132.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 22.64
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.86
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 123.00
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 225.55

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 130.00 TO NODE 131.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 980.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1446.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1442.64
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 3.36
 $TC = 0.303 * [(980.00^{**3}) / (3.36)]^{**2} = 14.827$
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.251
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8811
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.98
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.98

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 131.00 TO NODE 132.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1436.35 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.69
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 34.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 12.000
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.3 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.86
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.98
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.10 Tc(MIN.) = 14.92
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 130.00 TO NODE 132.00 = 1014.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 132.00 TO NODE 132.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.92
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.24
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.00
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.98

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	176.02	16.80	2.128	123.00
1	183.85	17.49	2.089	123.00
1	220.91	21.92	1.888	123.00
1	225.55	22.64	1.860	123.00
2	1.98	14.92	2.244	1.00

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	158.81	14.92	2.244
2	177.90	16.80	2.128
3	185.69	17.49	2.089
4	222.58	21.92	1.888
5	227.19	22.64	1.860

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 227.19 Tc(MIN.) = 22.64
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 124.00
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 132.00 = 5146.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 132.00 TO NODE 142.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.69 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.66
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 12.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 75.0 INCH PIPE IS 60.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.54
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 75.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 227.19
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.02 Tc(MIN.) = 22.67
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 142.00 = 5158.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 142.00 TO NODE 142.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 22.67
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.86
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 124.00
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 227.19

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 141.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 980.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1446.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1442.70
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 3.30
TC = 0.303*[(980.00**3)/(3.30)]**.2 = 14.880
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.247
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8811
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.32
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.32

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 141.00 TO NODE 142.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1439.47 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.66
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 27.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 17.61
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 8.32
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 Tc(MIN.) = 14.91
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 142.00 = 1007.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 142.00 TO NODE 142.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.91
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.25
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 4.20
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 8.32

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	158.81	14.95	2.243	124.00
1	177.90	16.82	2.127	124.00
1	185.69	17.52	2.088	124.00
1	222.58	21.94	1.887	124.00
1	227.19	22.67	1.860	124.00
2	8.32	14.91	2.246	4.20

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	166.67	14.91	2.246
2	167.12	14.95	2.243
3	185.77	16.82	2.127
4	193.43	17.52	2.088

5 229.56 21.94 1.887
6 234.08 22.67 1.860

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 234.08 Tc(MIN.) = 22.67
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 128.20
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 142.00 = 5158.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 142.00 TO NODE 154.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.66 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.42
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 82.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 75.0 INCH PIPE IS 57.8 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.23
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 75.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 234.08
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.15 Tc(MIN.) = 22.82
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 154.00 = 5240.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 154.00 TO NODE 154.00 IS CODE = 10

>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 81.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS MOBILE HOME PARK
TC = $K * [(LENGTH**3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2$
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 670.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1454.50
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1450.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 4.50
TC = $0.336 * [(670.00**3) / (4.50)]**.2 = 12.337$
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.445
MOBILE HOME PARK DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8325
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.90
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.90 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.90

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 81.00 TO NODE 82.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<<

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1450.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1448.20
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 680.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 18.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 13.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0149
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 9.35
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.46
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.86
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.58
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.73
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 7.17 Tc(MIN.) = 19.51
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.989
MOBILE HOME PARK DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8224
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 4.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.87
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.10 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 12.77

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 18.20
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.74 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.88
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 82.00 = 1350.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 82.00 TO NODE 92.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1448.20 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1447.40
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 400.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 18.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 13.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0149
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 14.42
STREET FLOWING FULL
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.54
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 19.91
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.67
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.90
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.00 Tc(MIN.) = 23.51
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.829
MOBILE HOME PARK DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8181
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.29
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 9.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 16.07

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.55 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 20.70
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.73 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.96
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 92.00 = 1750.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 92.00 TO NODE 92.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 23.51
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.83
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 9.30
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 16.07

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 90.00 TO NODE 91.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS MOBILE HOME PARK
TC = K * [(LENGTH**3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 700.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1451.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1448.50
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 2.50
TC = 0.336 * [(700.00**3) / (2.50)]**.2 = 14.246
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.292
MOBILE HOME PARK DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8294
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.99
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.99

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 91.00 TO NODE 92.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1448.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1447.40
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 500.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 18.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 13.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0149
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 5.43
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.41
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 14.12
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.29
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.53
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 6.48 Tc(MIN.) = 20.73
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.936
MOBILE HOME PARK DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8210
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "B"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.86
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 6.85

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.44 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 15.49
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.36 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.59
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 90.00 TO NODE 92.00 = 1200.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 92.00 TO NODE 92.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

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TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 20.73
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.94
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.85

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	16.07	23.51	1.829	9.30
2	6.85	20.73	1.936	3.90

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	21.02	20.73	1.936
2	22.54	23.51	1.829

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 22.54 Tc(MIN.) = 23.51
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 13.20
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 92.00 = 1750.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 92.00 TO NODE 93.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1447.40 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1447.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 120.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 18.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 13.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 2
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0149
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 22.62
STREET FLOWING FULL
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.57
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 21.31
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.30
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.30
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.87 Tc(MIN.) = 24.38
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.800
MOBILE HOME PARK DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8438
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.15
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 13.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 22.69

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.57 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 21.37
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.30 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.31
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 93.00 = 1870.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 93.00 TO NODE 151.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1442.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1438.00
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 300.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 17.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.16
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 22.69
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.55 Tc(MIN.) = 24.93
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 151.00 = 2170.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 93.00 TO NODE 151.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.782
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8774
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 4.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.88
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 17.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 29.57
TC(MIN) = 24.93

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 151.00 TO NODE 152.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1438.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1437.20
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 27.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.14
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 29.57
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.07 Tc(MIN.) = 26.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 152.00 = 2500.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 151.00 TO NODE 152.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.748
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8770
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 3.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.52
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 21.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 35.09
TC(MIN) = 26.00

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 152.00 TO NODE 153.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1437.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.70
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 730.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 39.0 INCH PIPE IS 30.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.01
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 39.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 35.09
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.43 Tc(MIN.) = 28.43
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 153.00 = 3230.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 152.00 TO NODE 153.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.680
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8763
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 9.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 14.28
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 31.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 49.37
TC(MIN) = 28.43

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 153.00 TO NODE 154.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.39
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 42.0 INCH PIPE IS 31.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.43
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 42.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 49.37
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.26 Tc(MIN.) = 28.68
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 154.00 = 3330.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 154.00 TO NODE 154.00 IS CODE = 11

>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	49.20	25.94	1.750	31.00
2	49.37	28.68	1.673	31.00

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 154.00 = 3330.00 FEET.

** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	166.67	15.07	2.235	128.20
2	167.12	15.11	2.232	128.20
3	185.77	16.98	2.118	128.20
4	193.43	17.68	2.080	128.20
5	229.56	22.09	1.881	128.20
6	234.08	22.82	1.854	128.20

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 154.00 = 0.00 FEET.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	195.25	15.07	2.235
2	195.78	15.11	2.232
3	217.98	16.98	2.118
4	226.96	17.68	2.080
5	271.47	22.09	1.881
6	277.35	22.82	1.854
7	270.14	25.94	1.750
8	260.53	28.68	1.673

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 277.35 Tc(MIN.) = 22.82
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 159.20

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 154.00 TO NODE 154.00 IS CODE = 12

>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 154.00 TO NODE 162.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.39 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1434.53
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 287.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 78.0 INCH PIPE IS 63.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.61
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 78.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 277.35
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.50 Tc(MIN.) = 23.31
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 162.00 = 3617.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 162.00 TO NODE 162.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 23.31
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.84
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 159.20
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 277.35

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 160.00 TO NODE 161.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 $TC = K * [(LENGTH**3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.2$
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 400.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1443.40
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1441.93
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 1.47
 $TC = 0.303 * [(400.00**3) / (1.47)]**0.2 = 10.218$
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.662
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8835
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.65
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.65

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 161.00 TO NODE 162.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.91 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1434.53
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 34.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 12.000
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.27
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.65
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.08 Tc(MIN.) = 10.30
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 160.00 TO NODE 162.00 = 434.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 162.00 TO NODE 162.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 10.30
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.65
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.70
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.65

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	195.25	15.61	2.200	159.20
1	195.78	15.65	2.197	159.20
1	217.98	17.51	2.089	159.20
1	226.96	18.19	2.053	159.20
1	271.47	22.59	1.862	159.20
1	277.35	23.31	1.836	159.20
1	270.14	26.44	1.735	159.20
1	260.53	29.18	1.660	159.20
2	1.65	10.30	2.652	0.70

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	130.45	10.30	2.652
2	196.62	15.61	2.200
3	197.14	15.65	2.197
4	219.28	17.51	2.089
5	228.23	18.19	2.053
6	272.63	22.59	1.862
7	278.49	23.31	1.836
8	271.22	26.44	1.735
9	261.56	29.18	1.660

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 278.49 Tc(MIN.) = 23.31
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 159.90
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 162.00 = 3617.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 162.00 TO NODE 172.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1434.53 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1434.49
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 14.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 81.0 INCH PIPE IS 61.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.58
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 81.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 278.49
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.02 Tc(MIN.) = 23.34
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 172.00 = 3631.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 172.00 TO NODE 172.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 23.34
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.84
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 159.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 278.49

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 170.00 TO NODE 171.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 $TC = K * [(LENGTH**3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.2$
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 500.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1444.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1441.86
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 2.14
 $TC = 0.303 * [(500.00**3) / (2.14)]**0.2 = 10.836$
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.592
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8831
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.04
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.04

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 171.00 TO NODE 172.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1438.73 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1434.49
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 30.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 12.000
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.2 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 15.55
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.04
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 Tc(MIN.) = 10.87
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 170.00 TO NODE 172.00 = 530.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 172.00 TO NODE 172.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 10.87
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.59
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 2.20
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.04

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	130.45	10.33	2.649	159.90
1	196.62	15.63	2.198	159.90
1	197.14	15.68	2.195	159.90
1	219.28	17.53	2.088	159.90
1	228.23	18.22	2.052	159.90
1	272.63	22.61	1.862	159.90
1	278.49	23.34	1.835	159.90
1	271.22	26.46	1.734	159.90
1	261.56	29.21	1.659	159.90
2	5.04	10.87	2.589	2.20

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	135.23	10.33	2.649
2	141.71	10.87	2.589
3	200.89	15.63	2.198
4	201.41	15.68	2.195
5	223.34	17.53	2.088
6	232.22	18.22	2.052
7	276.25	22.61	1.862
8	282.06	23.34	1.835
9	274.60	26.46	1.734
10	264.79	29.21	1.659

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 282.06 Tc(MIN.) = 23.34
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 162.10
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 172.00 = 3631.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 172.00 TO NODE 182.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1434.49 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1434.03
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 155.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 81.0 INCH PIPE IS 61.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.76
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 81.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 282.06
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.26 Tc(MIN.) = 23.60
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 182.00 = 3786.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 182.00 TO NODE 182.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 23.60
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.83
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 162.10
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 282.06

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 180.00 TO NODE 181.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 1000.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1446.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1443.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 3.00
TC = 0.303*[(1000.00**3)/(3.00)]**.2 = 15.352
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.216
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8808
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 15.42
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.90 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 15.42

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 181.00 TO NODE 182.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1434.86 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1434.03
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 58.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.59
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 15.42
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.11 Tc(MIN.) = 15.46
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 180.00 TO NODE 182.00 = 1058.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 182.00 TO NODE 182.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 15.46
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.21
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 7.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 15.42

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

Table with 5 columns: STREAM NUMBER, RUNOFF (CFS), Tc (MIN.), INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR), AREA (ACRE). It lists 14 rows of data for two streams.

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

Table with 4 columns: STREAM NUMBER, RUNOFF (CFS), Tc (MIN.), INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR). It lists 1 row of data for stream 1.

2	152.86	11.18	2.556
3	210.54	15.46	2.209
4	216.11	15.92	2.180
5	216.62	15.96	2.177
6	237.81	17.82	2.072
7	246.45	18.49	2.038
8	289.18	22.88	1.852
9	294.81	23.60	1.826
10	286.65	26.73	1.727
11	276.32	29.48	1.652

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 294.81 Tc (MIN.) = 23.60
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 170.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 182.00 = 3786.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 182.00 TO NODE 195.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 1434.03 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 1433.93
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 23.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 75.0 INCH PIPE IS 59.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 11.27
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 75.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 294.81
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.03 Tc (MIN.) = 23.64
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 195.00 = 3809.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 195.00 TO NODE 195.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 23.64
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.82
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 170.00
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 294.81

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 190.00 TO NODE 191.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 $TC = K * [(LENGTH**3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2$
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 430.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1445.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1439.50
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 5.50
 $TC = 0.303 * [(430.00**3) / (5.50)]**.2 = 8.196$
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.939
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8848
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 13.00
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 5.00 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 13.00

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 191.00 TO NODE 192.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 1436.50 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 1435.80
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 465.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 30.0 INCH PIPE IS 21.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.54
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 30.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 13.00
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.19 Tc (MIN.) = 10.39
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 190.00 TO NODE 192.00 = 895.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 191.00 TO NODE 192.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.642
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8834
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 6.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 14.47
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 11.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 27.47
TC(MIN) = 10.39

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 192.00 TO NODE 193.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.50
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 300.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 42.0 INCH PIPE IS 30.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.64
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 42.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 27.47
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.37 Tc(MIN.) = 11.76
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 190.00 TO NODE 193.00 = 1195.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 192.00 TO NODE 193.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.499
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8826
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 5.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 12.79
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 17.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 40.26
TC(MIN) = 11.76

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 193.00 TO NODE 194.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1435.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1434.20
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 960.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 45.0 INCH PIPE IS 34.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.46
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 45.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 40.26
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.59 Tc(MIN.) = 15.35
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 190.00 TO NODE 194.00 = 2155.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 193.00 TO NODE 194.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.216
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8809
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 13.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 25.58
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 30.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 65.84
TC(MIN) = 15.35

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 193.00 TO NODE 194.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.216
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7085
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 3.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.12
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 34.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 71.96
TC(MIN) = 15.35

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 194.00 TO NODE 195.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

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ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1434.20  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1433.96
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 250.00  MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 60.0 INCH PIPE IS 45.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.54
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 60.00  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 71.96
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.92  Tc(MIN.) = 16.26
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 190.00 TO NODE 195.00 = 2405.00 FEET.

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 195.00 TO NODE 195.00 IS CODE = 1
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>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
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TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.26
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.16
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 34.00
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 71.96

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** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	145.85	10.69	2.608	170.00
1	152.86	11.22	2.552	170.00
1	210.54	15.50	2.206	170.00
1	216.11	15.96	2.178	170.00
1	216.62	16.00	2.175	170.00
1	237.81	17.85	2.071	170.00
1	246.45	18.53	2.036	170.00
1	289.18	22.92	1.850	170.00
1	294.81	23.64	1.825	170.00
1	286.65	26.77	1.726	170.00
1	276.32	29.51	1.651	170.00
2	71.96	16.26	2.159	34.00

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	193.14	10.69	2.608
2	202.52	11.22	2.552
3	279.13	15.50	2.206
4	286.72	15.96	2.178
5	287.42	16.00	2.175
6	288.60	16.26	2.159
7	306.81	17.85	2.071
8	314.31	18.53	2.036
9	350.85	22.92	1.850
10	355.63	23.64	1.825
11	344.16	26.77	1.726
12	331.36	29.51	1.651

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

```

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 355.63  Tc(MIN.) = 23.64
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 204.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 195.00 = 3809.00 FEET.

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 195.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 31
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>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
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ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1433.93  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1432.66
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 423.00  MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 87.0 INCH PIPE IS 67.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.33
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 87.00  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 355.63
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.68  Tc(MIN.) = 24.32
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 202.00 = 4232.00 FEET.

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 1

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>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 24.32
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.80
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 204.00
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 355.63

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 201.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 780.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1443.50
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1441.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 2.50
TC = 0.303*[(780.00**3)/(2.50)]**.2 = 13.717
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.331
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8816
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 14.80
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 14.80

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1434.22 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1432.66
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 54.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 12.8 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 11.05
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 14.80
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.08 Tc(MIN.) = 13.80
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 202.00 = 834.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 13.80
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.33
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 7.20
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 14.80

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	193.14	11.48	2.525	204.00
1	202.52	12.00	2.476	204.00
1	279.13	16.23	2.161	204.00
1	286.72	16.68	2.135	204.00
1	287.42	16.72	2.133	204.00
1	288.60	16.98	2.118	204.00
1	306.81	18.57	2.034	204.00
1	314.31	19.23	2.002	204.00
1	350.85	23.60	1.826	204.00
1	355.63	24.32	1.802	204.00
1	344.16	27.45	1.706	204.00
1	331.36	30.21	1.634	204.00
2	14.80	13.80	2.325	7.20

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
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1	205.46	11.48	2.525
2	215.39	12.00	2.476
3	252.04	13.80	2.325
4	292.88	16.23	2.161
5	300.31	16.68	2.135
6	300.99	16.72	2.133
7	302.08	16.98	2.118
8	319.76	18.57	2.034
9	327.06	19.23	2.002
10	362.47	23.60	1.826
11	367.10	24.32	1.802
12	355.02	27.45	1.706
13	341.76	30.21	1.634

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 367.10 Tc (MIN.) = 24.32
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 211.20
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 202.00 = 4232.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 212.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>> COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>> USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 1432.66 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 1431.42
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 413.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 87.0 INCH PIPE IS 69.8 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.34
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 87.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 367.10
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.67 Tc (MIN.) = 24.98
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 212.00 = 4645.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 212.00 TO NODE 212.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 24.98
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.78
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 211.20
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 367.10

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 210.00 TO NODE 211.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>> RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 $TC = K * [(LENGTH**3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2$
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 800.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1442.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1440.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 2.00
 $TC = 0.303 * [(800.00**3) / (2.00)]**.2 = 14.562$
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.269
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8812
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 13.80
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.90 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 13.80

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 211.00 TO NODE 212.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>> COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>> USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 1432.85 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 1431.42
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 44.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 11.46
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 13.80
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.06 Tc (MIN.) = 14.63
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 210.00 TO NODE 212.00 = 844.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 212.00 TO NODE 212.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.63
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.26
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 6.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 13.80

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	205.46	12.24	2.453	211.20
1	215.39	12.76	2.409	211.20
1	252.04	14.53	2.271	211.20
1	292.88	16.93	2.120	211.20
1	300.31	17.37	2.096	211.20
1	300.99	17.42	2.094	211.20
1	302.08	17.68	2.080	211.20
1	319.76	19.25	2.001	211.20
1	327.06	19.91	1.971	211.20
1	362.47	24.27	1.803	211.20
1	367.10	24.98	1.780	211.20
1	355.02	28.12	1.688	211.20
1	341.76	30.88	1.618	211.20
2	13.80	14.63	2.265	6.90

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	217.01	12.24	2.453
2	227.43	12.76	2.409
3	265.75	14.53	2.271
4	266.78	14.63	2.265
5	305.80	16.93	2.120
6	313.08	17.37	2.096
7	313.75	17.42	2.094
8	314.75	17.68	2.080
9	331.95	19.25	2.001
10	339.07	19.91	1.971
11	373.45	24.27	1.803
12	377.94	24.98	1.780
13	365.30	28.12	1.688
14	351.62	30.88	1.618

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 377.94 Tc(MIN.) = 24.98
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 218.10
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 212.00 = 4645.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 212.00 TO NODE 223.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1431.42 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1431.38
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 13.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 87.0 INCH PIPE IS 71.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.48
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 87.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 377.94
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.02 Tc(MIN.) = 25.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 223.00 = 4658.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 223.00 TO NODE 223.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 25.00

RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.78
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 218.10
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 377.94

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 220.00 TO NODE 221.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL

TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 920.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1445.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1442.50
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 2.50
TC = 0.303*[(920.00**3)/(2.50)]**.2 = 15.145
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.230
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8809
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 19.64
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 10.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 19.64

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 221.00 TO NODE 222.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1442.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1440.00
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 560.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 21.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.78
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 19.64
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.61 Tc(MIN.) = 16.76
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 220.00 TO NODE 222.00 = 1480.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 221.00 TO NODE 222.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.130
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8802
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 10.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 20.44
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 20.90 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 40.08
TC(MIN) = 16.76

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 222.00 TO NODE 223.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1431.47 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1431.40
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 21.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 39.0 INCH PIPE IS 27.9 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.30
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 39.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 40.08
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.06 Tc(MIN.) = 16.82
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 220.00 TO NODE 223.00 = 1501.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 223.00 TO NODE 223.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.82
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.13
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 20.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 40.08

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA

NUMBER	(CFS)	(MIN.)	(INCH/HOUR)	(ACRE)
1	217.01	12.27	2.451	218.10
1	227.43	12.78	2.407	218.10
1	265.75	14.56	2.270	218.10
1	266.78	14.65	2.263	218.10
1	305.80	16.96	2.119	218.10
1	313.08	17.40	2.095	218.10
1	313.75	17.44	2.093	218.10
1	314.75	17.70	2.079	218.10
1	331.95	19.27	2.000	218.10
1	339.07	19.93	1.970	218.10
1	373.45	24.29	1.803	218.10
1	377.94	25.00	1.779	218.10
1	365.30	28.14	1.687	218.10
1	351.62	30.90	1.618	218.10
2	40.08	16.82	2.127	20.90

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	246.25	12.27	2.451
2	257.89	12.78	2.407
3	300.45	14.56	2.270
4	301.69	14.65	2.263
5	343.35	16.82	2.127
6	345.73	16.96	2.119
7	352.56	17.40	2.095
8	353.18	17.44	2.093
9	353.92	17.70	2.079
10	369.65	19.27	2.000
11	376.19	19.93	1.970
12	407.42	24.29	1.803
13	411.47	25.00	1.779
14	397.09	28.14	1.687
15	382.10	30.90	1.618

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 411.47 Tc(MIN.) = 25.00
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 239.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 223.00 = 4658.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 223.00 TO NODE 232.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1431.38 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1430.00
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 459.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 93.0 INCH PIPE IS 70.2 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.77
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 93.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 411.47
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.71 Tc(MIN.) = 25.72
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 232.00 = 5117.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 232.00 TO NODE 232.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 25.72
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.76
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 239.00
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 411.47

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 230.00 TO NODE 231.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 900.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1440.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1438.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 2.00
 $TC = 0.303 * [(900.00^{**3}) / (2.00)]^{**2} = 15.629$
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.198
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8807
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 15.68
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 8.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 15.68

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 231.00 TO NODE 232.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 1430.94 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 1430.54
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 40.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.0 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.62
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 15.68
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.09 Tc (MIN.) = 15.72
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 230.00 TO NODE 232.00 = 940.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 232.00 TO NODE 232.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 15.72
 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.19
 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 8.10
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 15.68

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	246.25	13.08	2.381	239.00
1	257.89	13.58	2.342	239.00
1	300.45	15.33	2.217	239.00
1	301.69	15.42	2.211	239.00
1	343.35	17.56	2.086	239.00
1	345.73	17.70	2.079	239.00
1	352.56	18.14	2.056	239.00
1	353.18	18.18	2.054	239.00
1	353.92	18.44	2.041	239.00
1	369.65	20.01	1.967	239.00
1	376.19	20.66	1.939	239.00
1	407.42	25.01	1.779	239.00
1	411.47	25.72	1.757	239.00
1	397.09	28.86	1.668	239.00
1	382.10	31.63	1.601	239.00
2	15.68	15.72	2.193	8.10

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	259.30	13.08	2.381
2	271.44	13.58	2.342
3	315.74	15.33	2.217
4	317.08	15.42	2.211
5	323.02	15.72	2.193
6	358.27	17.56	2.086
7	360.60	17.70	2.079
8	367.26	18.14	2.056
9	367.86	18.18	2.054
10	368.51	18.44	2.041
11	383.72	20.01	1.967
12	390.06	20.66	1.939
13	420.14	25.01	1.779
14	424.04	25.72	1.757
15	409.02	28.86	1.668
16	393.54	31.63	1.601

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 424.04 Tc(MIN.) = 25.72
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 247.10
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 232.00 = 5117.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 232.00 TO NODE 242.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1429.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1429.46
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 12.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 90.0 INCH PIPE IS 72.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 11.15
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 90.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 424.04
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.02 Tc(MIN.) = 25.73
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 242.00 = 5129.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 242.00 TO NODE 242.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 25.73
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.76
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 247.10
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 424.04

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 240.00 TO NODE 241.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 800.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1442.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1440.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 2.00
TC = 0.303*[(800.00**3)/(2.00)]**.2 = 14.562
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.269
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8812
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 13.40
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 13.40

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 241.00 TO NODE 242.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1440.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1438.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 550.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0036
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 13.40
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 2.14 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.83
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.28 Tc(MIN.) = 18.85
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 240.00 TO NODE 242.00 = 1350.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 241.00 TO NODE 242.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.021
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8794
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 6.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 11.37
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 13.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 24.77
TC(MIN) = 18.85

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 26.42
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.74
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 260.20
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 445.57

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 250.00 TO NODE 251.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 770.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1440.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1439.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 1.00
TC = 0.303*[(770.00**3)/(1.00)]**.2 = 16.349
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.154
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8804
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.91
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.91

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 251.00 TO NODE 252.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1439.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1438.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 500.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0020
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 8.91
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 1.53 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.79
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 5.43 Tc(MIN.) = 21.78
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 250.00 TO NODE 252.00 = 1270.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 251.00 TO NODE 262.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.893
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8784
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 5.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 9.81
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 10.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 18.73
TC(MIN) = 21.78

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 252.00 TO NODE 252.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 21.78
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.89
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 10.60
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 18.73

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	276.53	13.88	2.319	260.20
1	289.31	14.37	2.283	260.20
1	335.92	16.09	2.170	260.20
1	337.38	16.18	2.164	260.20
1	343.70	16.47	2.147	260.20
1	381.38	18.30	2.048	260.20
1	383.88	18.44	2.041	260.20
1	391.12	18.87	2.019	260.20
1	391.78	18.92	2.017	260.20

1	392.77	19.18	2.005	260.20
1	389.85	19.57	1.987	260.20
1	407.82	20.74	1.936	260.20
1	413.82	21.38	1.909	260.20
1	441.95	25.73	1.756	260.20
1	445.57	26.42	1.736	260.20
1	429.46	29.58	1.650	260.20
1	413.16	32.35	1.585	260.20
2	18.73	21.78	1.893	10.60

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	288.46	13.88	2.319
2	301.67	14.37	2.283
3	349.75	16.09	2.170
4	351.29	16.18	2.164
5	357.87	16.47	2.147
6	397.11	18.30	2.048
7	399.73	18.44	2.041
8	407.35	18.87	2.019
9	408.05	18.92	2.017
10	409.26	19.18	2.005
11	406.68	19.57	1.987
12	425.65	20.74	1.936
13	432.20	21.38	1.909
14	429.13	21.78	1.893
15	459.32	25.73	1.756
16	462.73	26.42	1.736
17	445.78	29.58	1.650
18	428.83	32.35	1.585

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 462.73 Tc (MIN.) = 26.42
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 270.80
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 252.00 = 5612.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 252.00 TO NODE 262.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 1427.76 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 1427.73
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 12.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 102.0 INCH PIPE IS 74.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.40
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 102.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 462.73
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.02 Tc (MIN.) = 26.44
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 262.00 = 5624.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 262.00 TO NODE 262.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 26.44
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.74
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 270.80
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 462.73

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 260.00 TO NODE 261.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K * [(LENGTH**3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH = 900.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION = 1439.50
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION = 1438.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 1.50
TC = 0.303 * [(900.00**3) / (1.50)]**0.2 = 16.554

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.142
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8803
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 24.89
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 13.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 24.89

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 261.00 TO NODE 262.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1428.46 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1427.73
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 47.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 17.9 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.91
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 24.89
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.08 Tc(MIN.) = 16.63
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 260.00 TO NODE 262.00 = 947.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 262.00 TO NODE 262.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.63
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.14
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 13.20
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 24.89

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	288.46	13.90	2.317	270.80
1	301.67	14.39	2.281	270.80
1	349.75	16.11	2.168	270.80
1	351.29	16.20	2.163	270.80
1	357.87	16.49	2.146	270.80
1	397.11	18.32	2.047	270.80
1	399.73	18.46	2.040	270.80
1	407.35	18.89	2.018	270.80
1	408.05	18.94	2.016	270.80
1	409.26	19.20	2.004	270.80
1	406.68	19.59	1.986	270.80
1	425.65	20.75	1.935	270.80
1	432.20	21.40	1.908	270.80
1	429.13	21.80	1.893	270.80
1	459.32	25.75	1.756	270.80
1	462.73	26.44	1.735	270.80
1	445.78	29.60	1.649	270.80
1	428.83	32.37	1.584	270.80
2	24.89	16.63	2.138	13.20

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	309.27	13.90	2.317
2	323.21	14.39	2.281
3	373.86	16.11	2.168
4	375.54	16.20	2.163
5	382.55	16.49	2.146
6	385.49	16.63	2.138
7	420.94	18.32	2.047
8	423.49	18.46	2.040
9	430.85	18.89	2.018
10	431.53	18.94	2.016
11	432.60	19.20	2.004
12	429.80	19.59	1.986
13	448.18	20.75	1.935
14	454.42	21.40	1.908
15	451.17	21.80	1.893
16	479.77	25.75	1.756
17	482.94	26.44	1.735

18	464.98	29.60	1.649
19	447.28	32.37	1.584

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 482.94 Tc (MIN.) = 26.44

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 284.00

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 262.00 = 5624.00 FEET.

=====
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 284.00 TC (MIN.) = 26.44

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 482.94

*** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ***

	Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)
1	309.27	13.90
2	323.21	14.39
3	373.86	16.11
4	375.54	16.20
5	382.55	16.49
6	385.49	16.63
7	420.94	18.32
8	423.49	18.46
9	430.85	18.89
10	431.53	18.94
11	432.60	19.20
12	429.80	19.59
13	448.18	20.75
14	454.42	21.40
15	451.17	21.80
16	479.77	25.75
17	482.94	26.44
18	464.98	29.60
19	447.28	32.37

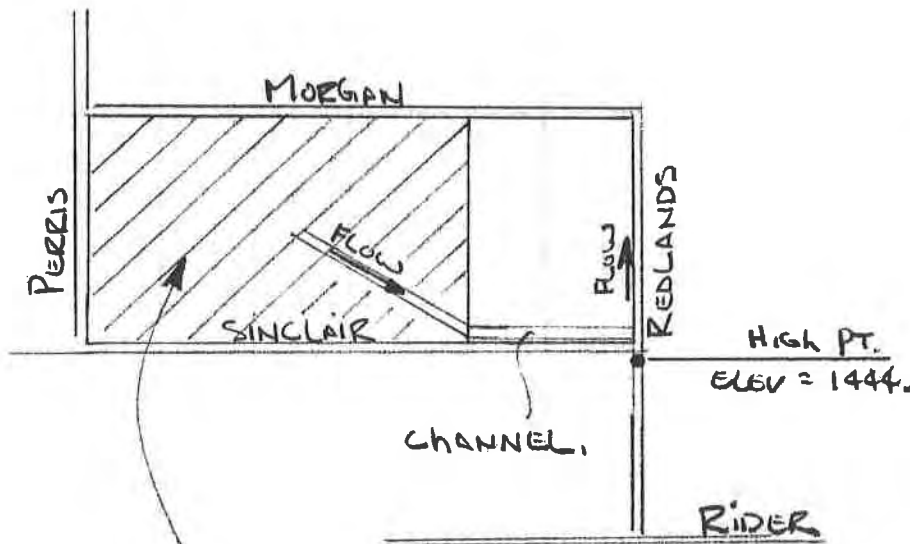
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END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

Thienes Engineering, Inc.

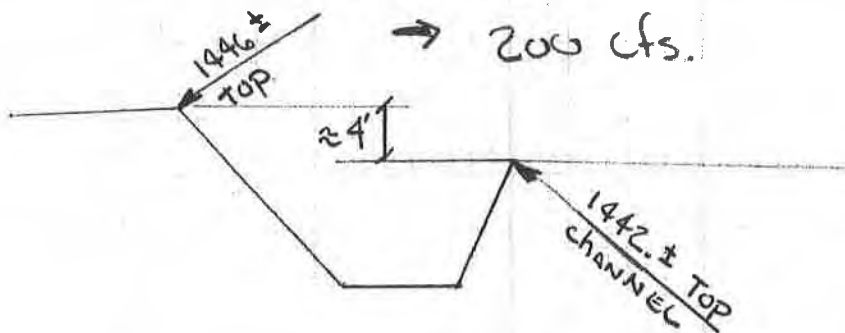
CIVIL ENGINEERING • LAND SURVEYING

subject	by	date	job no.	sheet of
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SINCLAIR CHANNEL SPILLOVER



ASSUMED DRAINAGE AREA TO CHANNEL
 ≈ 80 AC. ASSUME 2.5 cfs/AC
 → 200 cfs.



APPROX. ELEV. OF SPILLOVER TO REDLANDS
 FOR RUNOFF TO GO SOUTH TOWARD RIDER
 = 1444. (SEE FOLLOWING TOPO).

Thienes Engineering, Inc.

CIVIL ENGINEERING • LAND SURVEYING

subject	by	date	job no.	sheet of
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USE WEIR EQUATION TO DETERMINE
LENGTH of WEIR TO PASS 200 cfs
TO the North

$$Q = 3Lh^{3/2}$$

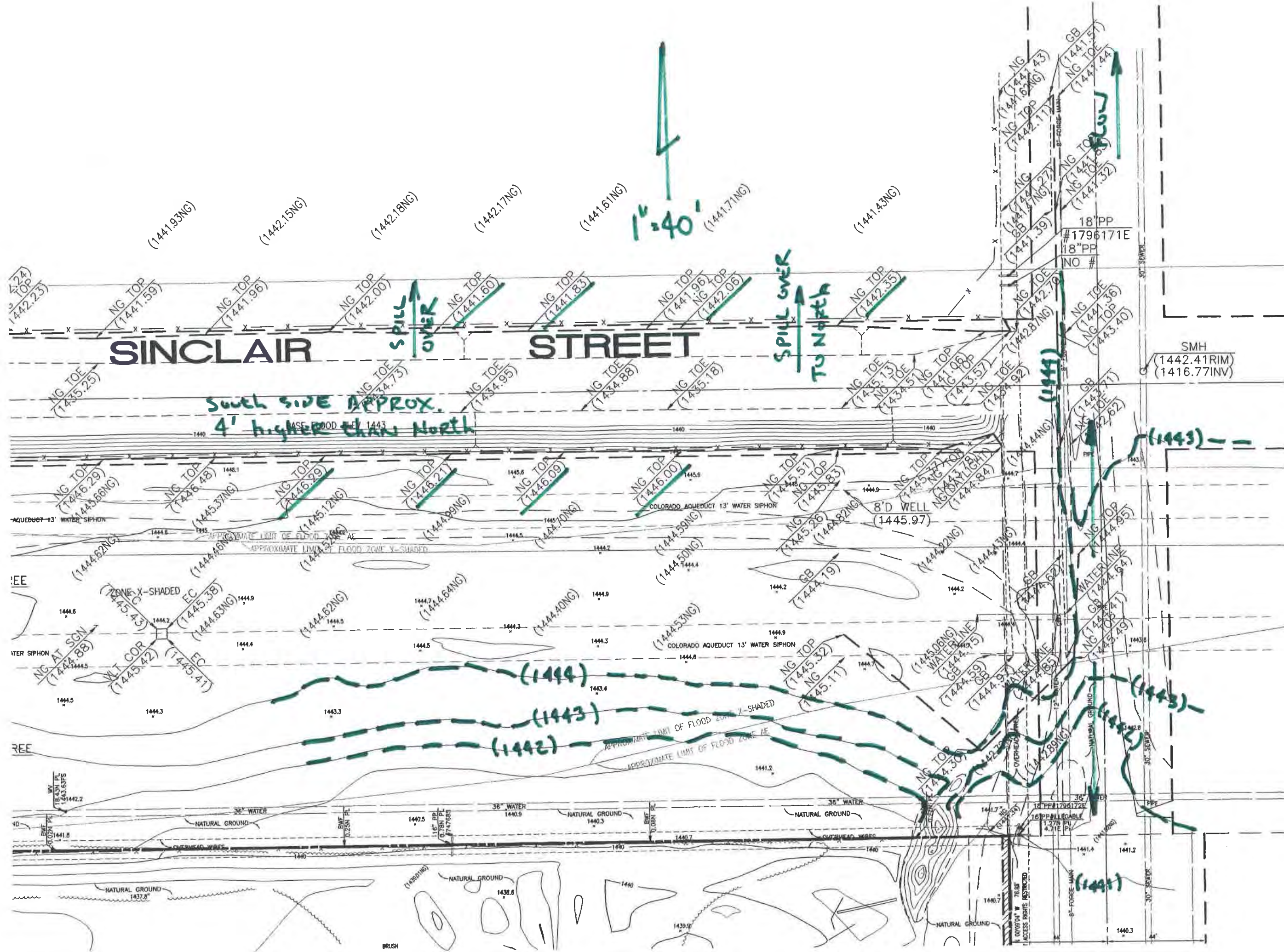
USE $Q = 200$

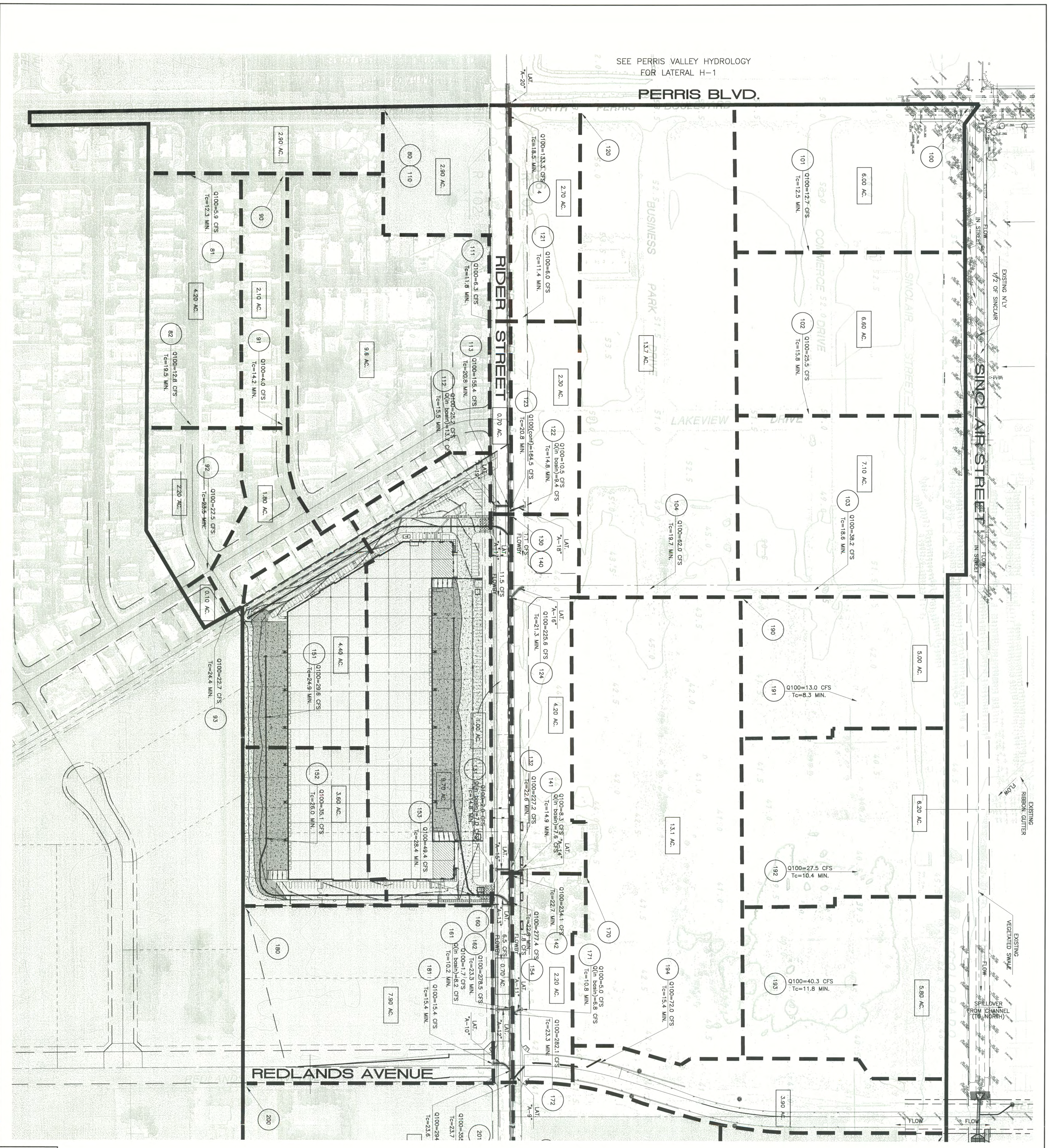
$h = 1$ (LEAVES APPROX. 1' TIL
SPILLOVER SOUTH.)

$$L = \frac{200}{3(1)^{3/2}} = 66.7'$$

NORTH SIDE OF
CHANNEL HAS AT
LEAST 250' LENGTH
TO SPILLOVER.

AutoCAD File: N:\2600-2699\2699\2699TOP0.dwg Plotted at: Mon May 12 06:21:56 2008





SEE PERRIS VALLEY HYDROLOGY FOR LATERAL H-1

PERRIS BLVD.

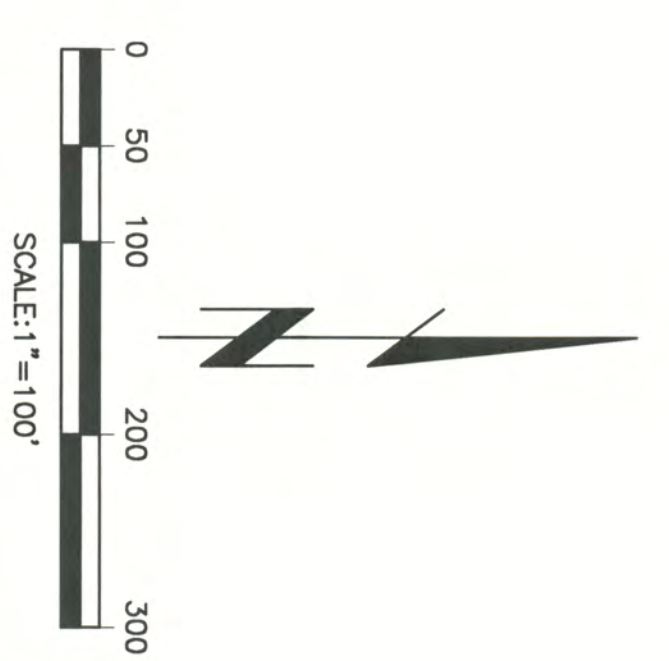
RIDER STREET

SINCLAIR STREET

REDLANDS AVENUE

SEE SHEET NO. 2

LEGEND	
	PROJECT BOUNDARY
	SUBAREA BOUNDARY
	SUBAREA AREA
	NODE NUMBER
	ANTICIPATED FLOODING AREA



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CITY OF PERRIS
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

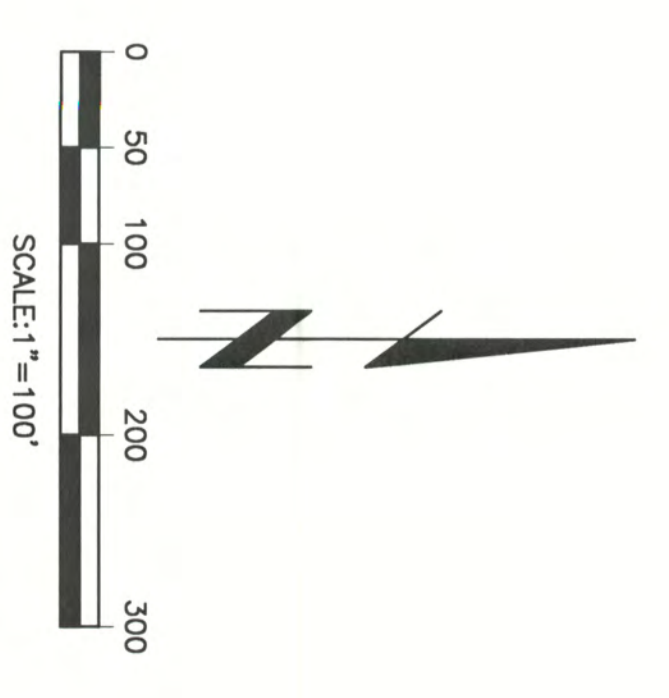
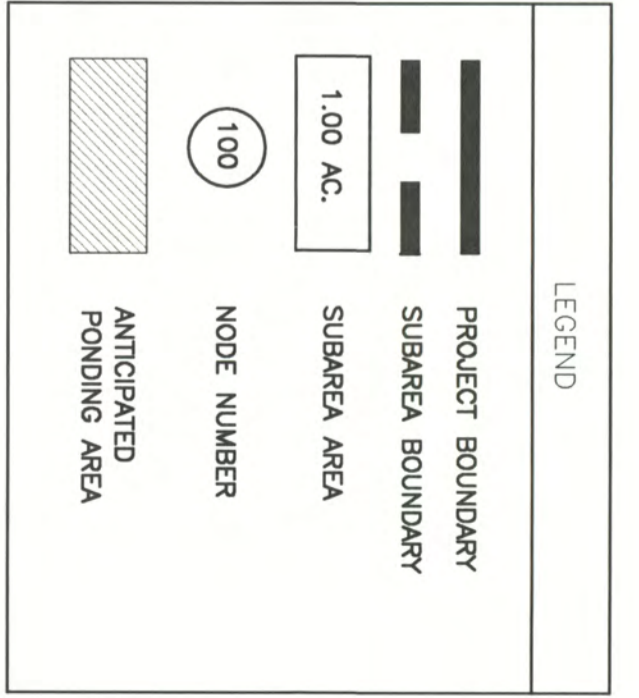
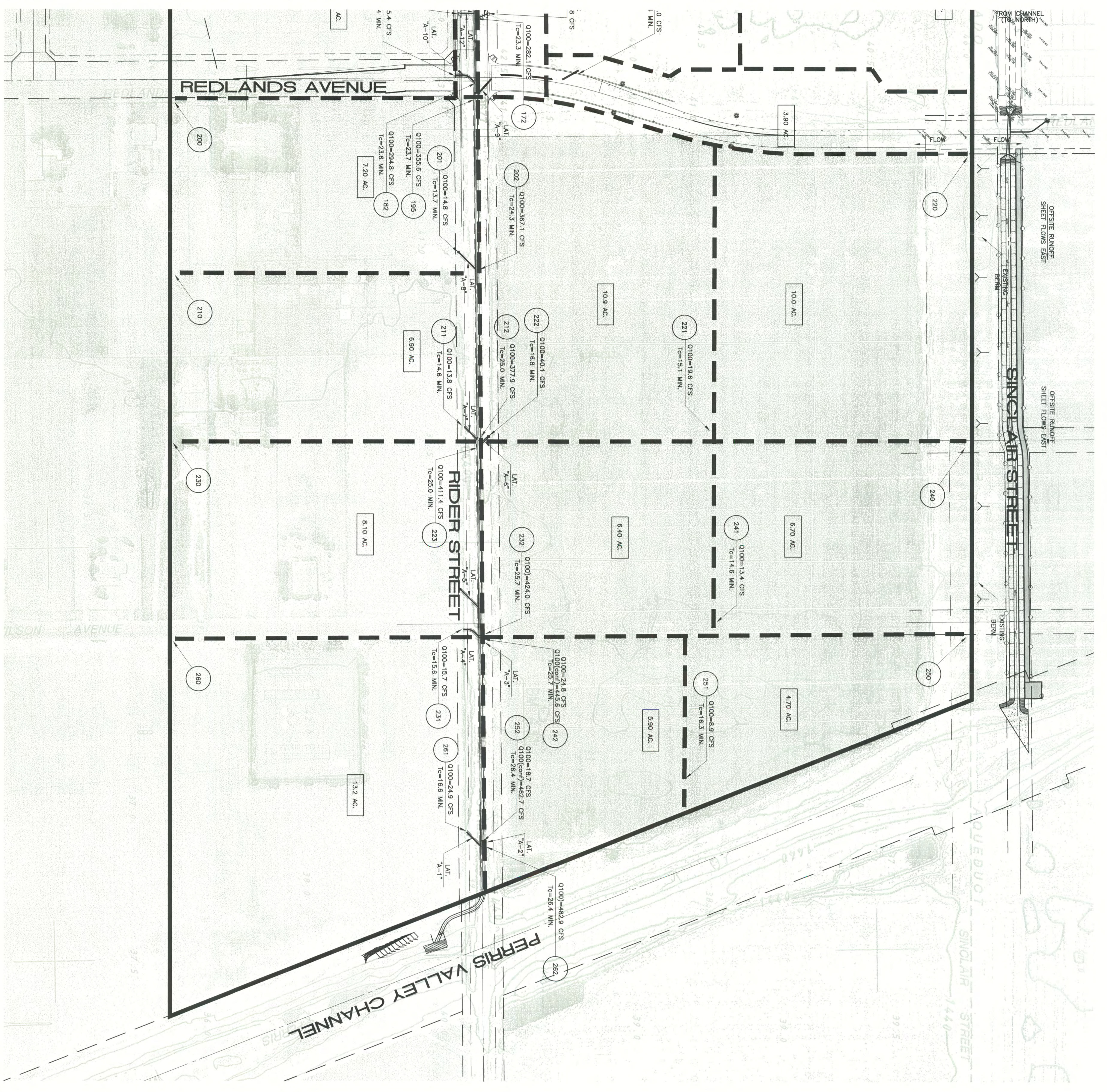
HYDROLOGY MAP
PROPOSED CONDITIONS
PERRIS VALLEY MDP
LINE A-B (RIDER ST.)

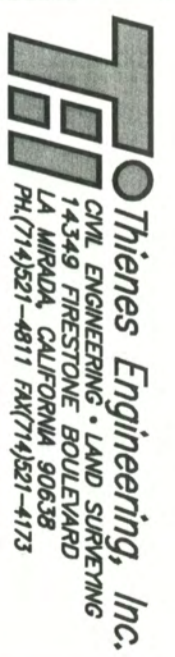
Designed by: _____ Date: _____
 Checked by: _____ Date: _____
 Designed by: _____ Date: _____
 Checked by: _____ Date: _____

Approved by: _____ Date: _____
 Public Works Director R.C.E. 28129

Sheet 1 of 2 Sheets

SEE SHEET NO. 1





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CITY OF PERRIS
 PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

HYDROLOGY MAP
PROPOSED CONDITIONS
PERRIS VALLEY MDP
LINE A-B (RIDER ST.)

Designed By	Approved By	Date
Checked By	Public Works Director	R.C.E. 2/12/09
Designed By		
Checked By		

2702/ 2 OF 2 SHEET